

Reflections

ANNUAL REPORT

[2005 -06]



Institute of Juvenile Justice

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Prayas.....

Prayas JAC Society is a national level non-governmental, developmental organization that focuses on child rights, with a vision to create a world that treats every child equally and lets them learn, play and develop to adulthood in health, peace and dignity. Prayas came into existence in the year 1988, in response to crisis that affected children in one of the biggest slum clusters of Jahangirpuri, Delhi. It firmly believes that the basic needs of a child are synonymous with his or her basic rights. Prayas has vast and enriching experience in child protection and provides a protective environment to children who come from the most exploitative situations.



Prayas is recognized as international best practice by the UNICEF especially for its child friendly institutional care services. Based on its experience in situations of conflict with law, it has been able to contribute in a major way to the formulation of the Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act, 2000. It also had the opportunity to contribute to anti-trafficking programmes in the international conference on Path Breaking Strategies in the Fight against Trafficking, Washington DC. The recognition of its initiatives found mentioned in the Trafficking in Persons (TIP) Report, 2005 released by the US State Department.

Prayas also addresses the needs of the street and railway children who are in situations of extreme hardship. It addresses issues related to children dwelling in slums, engaged in labour, homeless, migrant and abused children, and those trafficked for commercial and sexual exploitation. These children are constantly struggling for protection. Child protection is a priority in the Prayas mandate.

Prayas programmes focus mainly on Alternative Education for children, Vocational Training and Economic Empowerment for marginalized youth and women. Self-help groups and micro-credit were introduced for the women and youth in the community. The year witnessed several advocacy and training programs in the field of juvenile justice, child trafficking, and child labour. Through Kalashristi, children also participated actively in virtually all the activities undertaken.

Having its presence already in Bihar, Gujarat, Assam, Andaman & Nicobar Islands and Delhi, Prayas expanded its coverage by reaching out to the, Arunachal Pradesh and Haryana. The year 2005-2006 was truly a momentous year for Prayas. We take this opportunity to thank our ongoing partners – NGOs, the government, corporate sector and the wider community who have been of immense support in the smooth execution of planned activities. We look forward to their continued support in times to come, in meeting the challenges that are bound to confront us in pursuing the task that we have set for ourselves

Genesis.....

Prayas was formed in 1988, through the collaborative efforts of the Delhi Police, the Delhi School of Social Work and Shramik Vidyapeeth, when a devastating fire in Jahangirpuri, a major slum area in Delhi, left a lot of children hopeless, helpless and homeless. It aimed at reorganizing and rebuilding the lives of such children.

Starting its activities in a tiny one-room structure, Prayas began to function by providing non-formal education to 25 children. Today, Prayas successfully operates more than 12 different projects in various slum communities in Delhi, serving 50,000 neglected, street and working children. It has also initiated similar projects in other states and Union Territories of India, namely Bihar, Gujarat, Assam, Arunachal Pradesh, the A & N Islands and Haryana. Besides, it provides health care and helpline services to thousands of children every year.

Prayas believes that the basic needs of the child are synonymous with his/her basic rights. These include the right to (i) survival. (ii) protection. (iii) development and (iv) participation. We envisage a scenario where every child goes to school or receives a decent 'alternative education' and has the opportunity to satisfy his / her basic needs for development.

Legal Status.....

Prayas is registered as a society under the Societies Registration Act, XXI of 1860.(No. S -20291 dated August 29, 1989). To foster its growth and to specialize vocational education, Prayas JAC Society set up the Jan Shikshan Sansthan Prayas (JSSP), registered under the Indian Societies Act, 1860 vide registration No. 37213 of 2000.

Prayas has been recognized under Section -60 (I) of the Foreign Contribution (Regulation) Act, 1976 by the Ministry of Home Affairs, Govt. of India No. II / 21022 /83/59/93 –FCRA –III dated Dec. 20, 1993 (Registration No. 231650677), for receiving foreign contributions.

It has been granted registration under section -80 (G) (5) (vi) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 by the Directorate of Income Tax (Exemptions), New Delhi No. DIT (EXEMPT) / P-109 /91/95-96/1170. The office of the Commissioner of Income Tax (Computer Operations) has also been issued a Permanent Account Number (PAN) AAATPO449E.

Prayas is recognized as a 'Fit Institution' under sub-section (II) of section -2 of the Juvenile Justice Act. 1986 read with Rules 34 and 35 of Juvenile Justice (Delhi) Rules, 1987 vide Notification number F6 (13) DSW /DDCW/96-97 dated June 6 1997, of the Directorate of Social Welfare, Govt. of NCT Delhi (formerly run under the control and guidance of the Directorate of Social Welfare, Delhi Administration). The Prayas Observation Home for Boys is now being managed entirely by Prayas with financial support provided by the Delhi Government. This arrangement conforms to the JJ Act, 2000 whereby Prayas qualifies as a 'Fit Institution' to run such a home.

Prayas believes.....

- The basic needs and rights of every child are synonymous.
- The elimination of child labour can only be accomplished through a gradual and sequential approach.
- Every child has the right to a standard of living adequate for his/her physical, mental, spiritual, moral and social development, and those who are deprived of this right are in need of care and protection.

Prayas' programmes make the strategic linkage between the problems of street and working children, urban and slum children, and the juvenile justice system, to create a new dimension of understanding and interventions to address child labor and education.

This long journey has been beset with numerous challenges that have been responsible for giving Prayas its present form. With time, it has evolved from a small welfare agency directly serving the people to a fairly large-sized voluntary agency with a number of administrative and service centres.

Today, most of its projects function with the co-operation of the communities it serves. The single common denominator in the entire process has been its focus on the development of 'Children in Need of Care and Protection'

Mission.....

A humanitarian, gender-sensitive and child-focused development organization, Prayas aims at restoring the lost childhood of neglected, street and working children. Its mission, therefore, is to help them fulfill their basic needs. Prayas' strength lies in its capacity to network with the government as well as other NGOs in the fields of child rights, child labour, juvenile justice and other related issues. It has participated with the government at the levels of policy and advocacy.

In restoring the childhood of neglected and exploited children, it is vital to remember that children cannot defend themselves like adults against various adversities inherent in an exploitative social milieu which believes in the theory of the survival of the fittest. Prayas also believes that community participation in all such programmes is an absolute must.

Objectives

- Undertaking welfare programmes for the care, protection and development of disadvantaged children, youth and women.
- Organizing and promoting meaningful educational programmes for children.
- Running vocational training programmes and organizing self-help groups as part of the economic empowerment of these disadvantaged groups and the communities to which they belong.
- Organizing basic health, nutritional and medical services including health awareness programmes for children.
- Developing recreational and library facilities for its target audience.
- Offering counseling and psychological support.
- Promoting measures for the correction / rehabilitation of juvenile offenders and neglected children.
- Running model homes for children in need of institutional care and protection
- Conducting research on issues related to neglected children and the juvenile justice system in the country.
- Initiating advocacy to usher in policy changes to promote effective child development programmes in the country.
- Bringing out publications on various issues dealing with the development of children, youth and women in deprived communities.

Prayas Institute of Juvenile Justice (IJJ).....

Established in 1999, this is the apex unit of Prayas JAC, which serves and monitors various projects located in the slums of Delhi, as well as projects in Bihar, Gujarat, Assam, A&N Islands and Arunachal Pradesh. It organizes training programs, workshops, national and regional consultations on a wide range of issues including juvenile justice, child rights, child trafficking etc.

Salient features of IJJ:

- To create a common platform to promote the best interests of children.
- To conduct and publish studies on the socio-economic and legal status of neglected/delinquent/ trafficked children within the broader context of the juvenile justice system. So far, IJJ has brought a number of reports and audio-visual presentations on the magnitude of the problem and measures needed/taken to effectively empower these children.
- To conceptualize and define the roles of the various stakeholders in the Juvenile Justice System etc.
- To seek the effective implementation of the Juvenile Justice Act and keep it at tuned to the changing realities
- To sensitize the stakeholders (the police, the social welfare department, health workers, civil society organizations and the community at large) through advocacy, to the role of juvenile justice in responding to the emerging needs of the children. To this end, IJJ has been using a wide variety of locally suited media to change public opinion and influence the policy makers to usher in vitally needed structural and functional changes.
- To share the rich experiences of working with such children in the community as well as the institutional setting in the time to come.
- To incorporate and sustain the basic standards of child care in the Prayas model in keeping with the UN Conventions on the rights of children.

The Institute of Juvenile Justice has several dedicated units for executing its intervention programs as well dealing with as policy issues related to the children. These units are

- Research and Documentation (R&D)
- Child Protection Unit (CPU)
- Information Education Communication (IEC)
- Education Resource and Training Centre (ERTC)
- Crisis Intervention Centre (CIC)

Research and Documentation (R&D)

The Research and Documentation, Centre of Prayas serves as a resource center that caters to the need of budding social work professionals as well as the research scholars especially on issues related to child rights, child protection, juvenile Justice, child trafficking and others. Initially the R&D Centre was set up with the objective to create a database on child labour and other related issues, but gradually it has diversified to undertake research and documentation on issues related to the marginalized population especially the children, youth and women. **The center has a fairly exhaustive library** containing books, reports, journals, magazines, newspapers etc. It adequately supplements the research and documentation activities of the unit.

- **It also conducts in house research along with empirical studies in coordination with the other units on issues pertaining to the child rights, child trafficking and education of the marginalized.** The idea is to consolidate the grassroots experience emanating from the interventions made by Prayas. Documenting these experiences and disseminating them among individuals/ organizations working on similar issues and people at large. As such a large number of publications, articles and paper have been developed in due course of time.
- **An important activity taken up the R&D unit is to prepare the reports of the proceedings of workshops, national and regional consultations** on issues related to marginalized children organize in coordination with the Child protection Unit. These reports are published and provide value addition to the existing documents materials currently available.

Child Protection Unit (CPU)

The Child Protection Unit (CPU) of Prayas plays a pivotal role in drawing the experiences from the numerous institutional and non- institutional programs and raising issues of concern at the policy level. The organization has raised the issue of child protection vehemently in collaboration with more than 280 Child Protection NGOs in the light of the Integrated Child Protection Scheme of the government taking their recommendations to the doors of the Planning Commission as a member of the Steering Committee and the Working group on Children.

The unit has developed a child protection policy for dealing and addressing the issues of children protection in entirety by laying down a set of easy to follow guidelines for the staff dealing directly and indirectly with the children of the institutions as well as those in the community. Zero tolerance is the rule being followed in the institutional care. Some of the other activities of CPU are:

- Undertake policy advocacy and support to the programs and issues of children. It has been able to influence the policy issues of concern to the children.
- Conduct training and capacity building programs for the NGOs, Judiciary and the police personnel and other stakeholders
- Placement of trainees, interns and volunteers from well-known schools of social work, management institutes and law institutes besides foreign volunteers are coordinated through this department. The placement of trainees are being planned to formalize this entire program into long-term and short-term courses on issues of child rights.

Contribution towards Policy Formulation

Prayas has been actively involved in the formulation of the draft bill of the National Commission for Children and the National Charter for Children with the Department of Women and Child Development, Ministry of HRD, Government of India. Prayas also drafted for the Ministry of Youth Affairs & Sports, a “Social Intervention Program for Adolescents in Difficult Circumstances”. Vis-à-vis the non-implementation of the Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection) Act, 2000, the draft of an ‘Umbrella Scheme’ prepared by Prayas for more effective implementation of the legal provisions under the Act, was accepted by the Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment.

National Study Child Abuse

Action based research forms the core activity of the organization. While implementing the projects and programs we have had innumerable experiences and findings that have been of great worth in guiding the programs. This has not only been helpful in giving clarity to our own understanding of the concept to us but has been helpful far and wide in developing replicable models. In one of the major recent initiatives Prayas has been entrusted with the responsibility of leading a Nationwide Study on Child Abuse based on its wide experiences. The broad objective of this study is to develop a common understanding of the extremely complex phenomenon of child abuse, with a view to formulating appropriate policies and programs to deal with the issue. However, through the specific objectives are:



- Assess the extent, magnitude and forms of child abuse in India.
- Study the profile of the abused/exploited children, their situation and relationship with the perpetrator.
- Map existing interventions by the Government, NGOs and the civil society in the specified districts
- Recommend measures/ strategies for policy, legislations and program development.

Information Education Communication (IEC)

The IEC (Information, Education, Communication) unit works to create a platform for the expression of views on child protection and juvenile justice, and to generate awareness of and publicity for the organization and its work. The work of this unit may be broadly divided into three major areas-

- **Media Relations** – This involves keeping the media, both print and broadcast, informed of the activities that Prayas is involved with, whether a cultural event, a policy-related issue, or a matter of children’s safety and justice. This also involves maintaining the visibility of Prayas in the news, so as to gain publicity for the organization and its work, and thus reach out to a wider mass of people.
- **Editing** – This area of work deals with all of Prayas’ publications – annual reports, newsletters, brochures, et cetera – as well as the website. These must be constantly updated to include the activities and programmes of all the projects under Prayas.
- **Events** – It is important to ensure the healthy and well-rounded development of children, and this is where events play a crucial role. Cultural events such as music, theatre and dance performances, interactive workshops on various issues, and several other activities, all work to provide children with the means to express themselves. Recreational activities also give the children a chance discover aspects about themselves, in an enjoyable way.

Crisis Intervention Centre (CIC)

The Crisis Intervention Centre was conceived by Mr. Amod K. Kanth, General Secretary, Prayas. This pilot project was started in the year 2000 in collaboration with Central Social Welfare Board and the Delhi Police. CICs are located in nine districts of Delhi

The CIC of Prayas has played an important role by focusing on prevention exploitation and abuse of children, including child victims of sexual, physical, emotional and economic abuse with special attention to the protection of victims of trafficking and commercial sexual exploitation in Delhi. It has focused on the need for arrests and conviction of the offenders by encouraging the citizens to report whatever they notice that might indicate that a girl has been sexually abused. Regular awareness programs undertaken by it stress on the importance of early action to capture physical evidence and document the victim’s detailed recollections while they are still fresh.

Prayas’ CIC is located in the South District of Delhi. Prayas covers the cases referred by seven police stations in the South District, namely Sangam Vihar, Ambedkar Nagar, BadarPur, Mehrauli, Hauz Khas, Lodi Colony and Malviya Nagar. For cases it handles, Prayas provides a holistic range of services including shelter, medical care, psychosocial counseling, rehabilitation assistance, including vocational training, and legal aid

Cases of CIC

- Total Cases of rape, abduction and kidnapping: 39
- Cases related with domestic violence, family problems, etc: 5

Important Milestones

- Prayas CIC was documented as best practice by SARIQ
- The unit conducted an introspective workshop on CIC on 9th November 2005. The workshop was well attended by participants from different fields like law enforcement, medicine, government and academics
- Three Sub-Committees of CIC were held in May, September and Feb 2006 for reviewing the progress of CIC Project.
- The counsellor attended several court hearings with the victims to provide emotional and legal support
- The home visits of the cases were done to assess the condition of the home to give support
- 6 girls were referred to the shelter home for shelter facilities, as it was difficult for them to stay in the same place.

Training attended by Staff

- National seminar on Rape: Law and Society, organized by DCW at Delhi Secretariat on 6th June 2006
- Two-day workshop on sexual offence at community level at Times foundation, Tilak Marg, on 19th July 2005 and 20th July 2005. The workshop was organized by Prathidhi, NGO, working in East Delhi
- Attended a number of meetings at DCP (South Distt) for reviewing the CIC project. The meetings were chaired by Add. DCP –11
- A presentation on Prayas CIC was given to students of Amity Law Institute on 1st September 2005
- Three-day workshop for counselors of CIC at NIPCCED from 6th to 8th Dec, 05, organized by CSWB
- Meeting on Gender & Violence: The Domestic Violence Act, 2005 at Nehru Centre on 17 March, 2006

Programme at a Glance

- Education and Recreation-
- Sports and Games
- Health care
- Counseling
- Nutrition
- Vocational Training & Rehabilitation Programmes
- Staff Training Programmes
- Advocacy-
- Women Empowerment through SHGs
- Restoration & Rehabilitation

Prayas Intervention to curb Trafficking in Women and Children

Prayas has undertaken an initiative to combat the trafficking of women and children. For this purpose, it has established linkages with active organizations working in this area, and the Government of India. Special attention is given to the girl child, street and working children, child workers, domestic and forced labour. In this regard, Prayas has developed links with the Anti-Trafficking Network, Delhi, ATSEC and the South Asia Forum against Human Trafficking (SAFAHT) etc, and has organized a number of national and regional level consultations sponsored by governmental agencies, UNIFEM and the UNDP. Prayas also lobbies with key leaders and policy makers about the need to tackle this problem on a war footing. A major outcome of these events has been a heightened interest and response from the government in tackling this issue. Equally important has been the generation of a heightened awareness about these issues among the marginalized communities, particularly those likely to be affected by trafficking.

Interventions

Networking with the police and other key individuals provides information regarding the induction of children in the flesh trade in the red light area. Children in danger can also seek help through the Childline service (1098). All information received through this service is used to rescue the affected children and thereafter provide shelter and other developmental measures. The rescued children undergo a holistic program of rehabilitation in the Prayas homes.

Care and Protection

The Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection) Act, 2000 provides a comprehensive definition of a child in need of care and protection. Working within this ambit, Prayas strives to offer a 'protective cover' to such children through its holistic development program, along with effective legal interventions against abuse and exploitation, and counseling for wayward children. To generate awareness on various issues concerning the care and protection of neglected children, Prayas has been organizing national consultations on "Priorities to Children in National Planning and Programs". In operationalizing the legal component of juvenile justice, Prayas has the privilege of being entrusted with the running of an Observation Home for Boys at Delhi Gate. Prayas has been recognized as a 'fit institution' under the JJ Act. The focus of Prayas in running the OB home is to create a 'true home' with a humane ambience for the delinquent children.

Shelter Home

Setting up institutional shelter homes for street and working children without parental, family and community support, has been one of the major contributions of Prayas towards providing protective care for these high-risk children released from sexual exploitation and hazardous work situations. These children require psychological support, counseling, shelter, health care, food, clothing, recreation, education, life skills, and skills for economically viable trades to create appropriate earning avenues. Along with the above services, uniting the children with their parents/families is also given

top priority. Currently, Prayas runs three such institutional shelter homes. Two are located in Delhi and one at Motihari in Bihar. One of the Delhi homes is exclusively for girls, while other two shelter homes are for boys.

Children are provided six months to two years of rehabilitation in the centres, depending on their needs and requirements. Efforts are made to enroll new batches of children while the older batch of children is reintegrated into their families/communities. However, long-term rehabilitation is also

provided to high-risk children without parental support, especially for those children who have been enrolled in nearby formal schools.

These children often have extremely difficult histories of abandonment, destitution, single parent families, rape, domestic and gender violence, and are often orphans or runaways. Most of them are in a state of trauma when they come to the home. Psychological support is provided to bring their mental condition to a state of normalcy. The staff of the homes has been appropriately trained to instill confidence in the children. Other staff at the rehabilitation centres is well-trained and adequately qualified to carry out their duties. The children are provided separate beds in the dormitories, nutritious meals, clean clothing and overall quality education and vocational training. The surrounding environment and hygienic conditions are extremely good and congenial to the development of the children.

Sanchay Prayas: Fostering Economic Empowerment

Several programs have been started towards fostering economic empowerment among the community through by promoting the concept of micro-credit and self help group program. Prayas has also opened Sanchay Prayas outlets for the sale of products manufactured by the SHGs and Prayas. Prayas in collaboration with international Organization for Migration (IOM) has opened sales outlets named as Sanchay Prayas of various products produced by the beneficiaries of Vocational Training Program and by Women of Self – Help Groups. In these beneficiaries placed are children residing in the Shelter Homes of Jahangirpuri and Tughlakabad. By the end of the financial year 2005 – 06, 2 more outlets were opened in various parts of Delhi thus taking the number to a total of 07 Sanchay Prayas outlets. The children placed in these outlets are mostly survivors of trafficking who are not earning their livelihood.

Issues

Trafficking in youth and women is seen as a major social problem and is in increasing trend. Since economic factors dominate the cause of trafficking to a great extent, economic rehabilitation of trafficked victims assumes prime importance.

Objective

To provide economic rehabilitation to vulnerable children who are in need of care and protection. To promote entrepreneurship development through vocational training. Shaping and upholding the dignity and self-respect of the survivor of the violence of trafficking and victims of other exploitation. Ensuring livelihood alternatives through micro enterprise that would provide not only financial independence and security to these children and women but also more importantly, an identity in the society.

Project

Prayas in collaboration with International Organization for Migration (IOM), Hyderabad has opened seven sales outlets named as “Sanchay Prayas” of various products produced by beneficiaries of vocational training program and by women of Self Help Groups. Amul and Coke have also lent support by providing infrastructure, machineries and training input to beneficiaries. In these outlets, beneficiaries placed are children residing in shelter homes of Jahangirpuri and Tughlakabad. In this process 20 beneficiaries have been placed and are earning their livelihood.

Outlets	Address
Ashram	HP Pump, Mathura Rd., Ashram Chowki, New Delhi
Pratap Nagar	DMRS, Pratap Nagar, New Delhi
A-Block, J' Puri	A-Block, Jahangirpuri, Delhi-110034
EE-Block, J' Puri	EE Block, Near Police Station, Jahangirpuri, Delhi-110033
Tughlakabad	59, Tughlakabad Institutional Area, New Delhi – 110062
Green Park	HP Pump, Opp. Uphaar Cinema, Green Park, New Delhi
Pul Bangas	DMRS, Pul Bangas, New Delhi

Alternative Education Program

Prayas has a planned and structured educational programmes and activities. The focus of our education programme is socio economic rehabilitation and girl child education. The method of teaching is child centered, classroom environment is friendly and conducive to promote learning in classroom. Our education programmes aims at all round development of the children be it cognitive, social, mental or physical development of children. The alternative education centres are administered and supported by Education Resource and Training Centre (ERTC) of Prayas. Support like appointment of educators, maintenance of Alternative learning centres, training of educators, material development, curriculum planning and enhancement programmes are all part of ERTC's work plan. At our learning centres we address different categories of children in need of care and protection, juveniles in conflict with law, home destitute street children and working children and slum children in different parts of the city especially south and west zone. While dealing with out of school, drop out and working children our main aim is to mainstream the children into formal schools or non formal education programmes like NIOS and provide vocational trainings whenever required depending upon age and interest of the child. To ensure child's ongoing relationship with the educational programme which so ever is appropriate for the child after leaving our Alternative Education centre we try to keep regular follow ups and children with poor financial backup are sponsored through various sponsorship scheme offered by Prayas. ERTC has maintained a healthy relationship with the government schools and other government bodies working with primary and elementary education like DIET's, SCERT and eminent educationists etc. which support us in proper functioning and professional guidance.

It advocates an alternative mode of education- to make primary education practical and relevant in terms of mainstreaming and economic rehabilitation of the underprivileged children. About 25,000 children are provided basic life skill education and skills for earning livelihood opportunities through Alternative Education programmes (AE), throughout the length and breadth of the country. The AE provides comprehensive programme of literacy, education, basic life skills, nutrition, protective shelter and economic skills. These initiatives are supported through networking with other Child Rights based organizations having strength and mass base in seven states and Union Territories of the country.

Alternative Education

Prayas views quality alternative education as the first step towards mainstreaming. Schooling-deprived children are annually mainstreamed through programmes like Non-Formal Education, Vocational Education, National Open School (NOS) system and the Jan Shikshan Sansthan (JSS). Based on the understanding that all children have the right to education, Prayas undertakes Alternative Education programmes, developed as a model for the protection of children's rights and to fight child labour. It includes:

- Imparting quality alternative education to out-of-school children and mainstreaming through formal schools, vocational education, open school systems and distance education and bridge education courses.
- Partnering as a bridge NGO with the Delhi Government's Education Department for all programmes.
- Partnering with the corporate sector for promoting quality education and providing sponsorships to needy children.
- Special classes for slow learners and children with special needs
- Capacity building of NGOs for the replication of the model developed by Prayas.
- Parent-Teacher meetings are a regular feature. Apart from apprising the parents of their children's progress in these monthly meetings, educators also discuss general hygiene and sanitation with the parents.

Features of Alternative Education

- The age group of children enrolled is 6-14 years.
- The programme has flexible timings
- Children are provided with the necessary educational materials and mid-day meals
- The centres are located in slums where children work and live
- Remedial classes are offered to children who happen to have missed regular classes
- Children are mainstreamed into regular school after three years
- The progress of the children mainstreamed into regular school is monitored
- Provision of recreational facilities
- Counseling and emotional support
- Saturdays are used to organize Bal Sabhas where children discuss different problems affecting their development.
- The educators also visit the families of the children regularly.

Prayas' AE program was initially based on the BRAC model. Later on however, collaboration with the NCERT resulted in the development of more innovative teaching aids suited to the local needs.

Location/ Area		Centre Name/Address
Delhi	Tughlakabad Instl Area (South Dist.) Prayas Head Office	INSTITUTE OF JUVENILE JUSTICE 59, Tughlakabad Institutional Area, New Delhi – 110062 Telefax : 00-91-11-29955505, 29956244 Email: prayas@del6.vsnl.net.in, www.prayaschildren.org

Centres running under Tughlakabad

South	Tigri	E – 80, Tigri J.J. Camp
	Ratia Marg	H.No.20, Gali No. 13, H - Block, Ratia Marg
	"	H.No. 20, Gali No. 13, H - Block, Ratia Marg
	"	H.No.20, Gali No. 13, H - Block, Ratia Marg
	"	Gali No. 13, H. No. 20, H - Block, Ratia Marg, Sangam Vihar
	"	H. No. 885, Gali No. 1, Ratia Marg, Sangam Vihar
	"	H.No. 885, Gali No. 1, Ratia Marg, Sangam Vihar
	"	D- Block, Gali No. 1,H.No. 1160, Ratia Marg
	"	H. No. 15, Gali No. 8A, G - Block, Ratia Vihar, Sangam Vihar
	"	H.No. 105, Gali No. 8 A, G Block, Ratia Marg
	Sangam Vihar	C – 74 Tigri Ext.
	"	H.No.74, Gali No.2,D – Block, Sangam Vihar
	"	B – Block, H.No.775, Sangam Vihar
	"	A/367, Mangal Bazar Road, Near Ashirwad Barat Ghar
	"	H.No. 120, Gali No. 4, C – Block, Near Tinu Public School
	"	H.No. 120, Gali No. 4, C 1 – Block, Near Tinu Public School
	"	C – 143/8, Sangam Vihar(Bandh Road)
	"	Police Chouki, K 2 – Block, Veer Bazar Sangam Vihar
	"	Jhuggi No. 259, JJ Camp, G - Block, Tigri, Near Ganpati Sari Centre
	"	H.No. 221,Block - L, Near Church, Sangam Vihar
	"	Gali No. 1/32, L – 1, Sangam Vihar
	"	H.No. 221, Block - L, Sangam Vihar
	"	H.No. 302, Gali No. 4, L - Block, Sangam Vihar
	"	H. No. 1556, Gali no. 9, L -I Block, Near Vatika Barat Ghar, Sangam Vihar
	"	Block- B, H.No. 62, Gali no. 8, Shani Bazar Road, Near Church,Sangam Vihar
"	Gali No. 8, L -1 Block, Near Asthal Mandir, Sangam Vihar	
Devli	H.No.142,1 st floor, Near bus stop, Devli	
"	F – 114, Jawahar Park, Kabadi Basti, Devli Road	
Madanpur Khadar	A-2 / 1468, Madanpur Khadar, Kalindi Kunj, New Delhi	
"	A-2 / 1257, Madanpur Khadar, Kalindi Kunj, New Delhi	
"	A-2 / 1708, Madanpur Khadar, Kalindi Kunj, New Delhi	
Banjara Camp	Basti Vikas Kendra, Banjara Camp	
Harkesh Nagar	Okhla Ph-III, New Delhi	
Tughlakabad	59, Tugh. Instl Area New Delhi	
R. K. Puram	Basti Vikas Kendra, Ekta Vihar, R.K.Puram, New Delhi	

Dakshinpuri K-Block Community Centre, Dakshinpuri

Delhi	Tugh. Instl Area (South Dist.)	INSTITUTE OF JUVENILE JUSTICE
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South	EOK	East of Kailash, C Block,Ashoka Bindusar Camp
	Tigri	Tigri 2, House no.A/808
	Tigri	Tigri 1, Basti Vikas Kendra Tigri, Behind Swati.
	Hauz Rani	Hauz Rani
	Saket	PVR Saket
	Dakshinpuri	Shaheed Camp, Dakshinpuri, Block no 16
	Okhla	Gola Kuan Tehkhand, Near DTC Central Workshop, Okhla Ph-I

Delhi	DAKSHINPURI (South Dist.)	ERNST & YOUNG-PRAYAS PROJECT
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South	Dakshinpuri	K-Block, Community Centre, Dakshinpuri, New Delhi-110062
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Delhi	MADANGIR (South Dist.)	BAL GREHA FOR GIRLS
South	Madangir	B-2/87A, Sector-4, Dr. Ambedkar Nagar, Madangir, New Delhi

Prayas Samudai Samiti (PSS)

It is a body consisting of parents, children, community leaders and our instructors. Sometimes, local politicians are also invited to attend these meetings. This body essentially provides support to our AE program in the slums through the management of the educational programs and monitoring of the children's progress. PSS provides counseling to dropouts, maladjusted and abused children. Each of the Prayas AE centres has a PSS to support its activities. The members hold regular meetings at least once in a month. They interact with the families of the children on a regular basis at a personal level.

Bal Sabhas

In the context of innovative education Bal Sabhas are organized on Saturdays. It fosters open communication in the small group setting wherein children share their problems and find solutions.

Mid-day Meal Program

Prayas believes that the educational development of children cannot take place without adequate attention paid to their health and nutritional status. Therefore, as part of the efforts to boost the Universalization of Elementary Education drive and the Alternative Education programme, Prayas has adopted the Mid-Day Meal Scheme. This approach has been adopted mainly because it improves the nutritional status of students in AE classes, which is a must for effective participation in school. Mid-day meals are provided to all children attending the AE centres. 10, 000 children are provided mid-day meals in a single day through the centres spread all over Delhi.

Community-based Projects for Street Children

Community-based projects offer alternative education programs for street children in slums. The educators of these AE centres closely liaise with the parents through the Prayas Samudai Samiti (Community Meetings). Such liaisons help parents monitor the children's progress. They also promote a deeper understanding of the social milieu and its impact on these children.

Training

Prayas organizes training courses and workshops to orient its staff to respond to the changing needs of the communities served by it. The trainees include the field staff, library and other personnel working in the administrative units. During the year, training workshops for community educators were held.

Community Libraries

This pioneering project was taken up by Prayas in the year 1997, in collaboration with the Rajiv Gandhi Foundation, to inculcate reading habits in people of the slum communities. So far, 21 such libraries have been set up by Prayas. This facility is increasingly being used by children as well as

people of all age groups. This project also makes a subtle but significant contribution to the Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan.

A special feature of these community libraries is the presence of a book bank from where the members can borrow books. The book bank possesses a large number of reference books, journals, research reports, children's educational aids and textbooks for National Open School students. These libraries also maintain newspaper clippings on various issues related to child welfare and child development. Started with the assistance of the Rajiv Gandhi Foundation, the project has also been funded by the Krishna Bihari Vajpayee Trust., the Directorate of Education, Government of India and NORAD.

Kalashrishti Prayas

It is a forum that provides a platform to street and working children to express their own ideas through street plays, songs and dances. The participants learn not only to express their problems but also get the chance to suggest solutions to these problems, in a milieu that often views them with a degree of subjective negativism.

Advocacy (IEC)

Prayas has adopted a multi-pronged advocacy strategy to develop a strong public opinion against child labour, using conventional and non-conventional media, and persuading the government to enforce existing laws and more effectively implement anti-child labour legislations. In this context, Prayas also organizes nukkad nataks, rallies, and poster competitions aimed at generating awareness and empowering working and street children. As the convener of the Delhi NGO Forum, Prayas strives to promote inter-agency cooperation on issues related to child labour.

Sponsorship Programme

Bring A Smile to Someone – Who Needs You!

Initiated in 1997, this program caters to the needs of children unable to continue their education due to the inability of their parents to support their schooling. Besides providing material help and mainstreaming, this programme provides vocational training whereby these children can be self-reliant. Corporate and individuals have come in large numbers to support this programme. Considering that girls are at a greater disadvantage, special care is taken to meet their socio-economic and educational needs.

PROJECTS AND PROGRAMS IN DELHI

Prayas Children's Home, Jahangirpuri

The shelter home project at Jahangirpuri, for neglected, street and working children was launched in January 1999 as a pilot project of the Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment, Govt. of India. At Jahangirpuri, approximately 12.5 lakh people live in slum clusters adjacent to Asia's largest vegetable and fruit market (Azadpur). It has the largest concentration of street, working and destitute children. The construction cost for the home was borne by the Planning Commission. The then Home Minister Mr. Lal Krishna Advani inaugurated the children's home, in the presence of dignitaries like Ms. Menaka Gandhi, Ms. Sheila Dikshit and others. Other major projects are being organized from Jahangirpuri home i.e the Childline project, the Street & Working Children Project, the National Institute of Open Schooling and the Jan Shikshan Sansthan Prayas (formerly Shramik Vidyapeeth) Learning Centre, and the Prayas Institute of Economic Empowerment, besides a comprehensive children's home. All these projects complement each other to facilitate the integrated rehabilitation of children in need of care protection.

The comprehensive Prayas Children's Home addresses the problem of neglected street children. Prayas has been trying to undertake a number of initiatives such as non-institutional care, under the new Juvenile Justice Act, 2000 and has successfully implemented an integrated programme for the rehabilitation of neglected children with the support of the Ministry Social Justice & Empowerment.

With experience, we have realized that any project that focuses on street children, particularly a shelter home, cannot export working children to contribute to the cost of the project. The Prayas Children's Home is probably the only home in the country, which mobilizes additional resources.

Objectives of the Project

- To provide shelter, food, education and clothing to children in conflict with the law and those in need of welfare care and rehabilitation.
- To offer contact programmes that provide counseling, guidance and referral services to destitute and neglected children.
- Re-integration of the children into their families and placement of children in schools or foster care homes in the long run.
- To create a community advocacy and awareness package through local bodies and the children themselves, regarding these issues.
- To develop an awareness package consistent with the rights of the child and/or covered under Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection) Act, 2000.

Status of Children

The PCH is a unique project for neglected street children and those in conflict with the law between the ages of 06-08 years. It is an attempt to provide non-custodial services to these children, with a difference. The client group includes children in need of care, protection, welfare and rehabilitation (runaways, destitute, orphan, neglected children, child labour etc.) and children sent through the Juvenile Justice Board.

Children are agents of change and the best approach to help them develop is to ensure that they get their precious childhood in their formative years. The home is a drop-in centre that respects children's right to freedom. Children are not made to stay against their will, but stay of their own volition. The home is catering to the needs of more than 200 children at any given point of time.

Methods of Induction

The children are inducted into this home using various resources i.e. Childline, NGOs, individuals, other agencies, the Child Welfare Committee, the Juvenile Justice Board, and friends of Prayas. They are also identified during outreach programmes conducted by Prayas' staff members at railway stations, bus terminals and other such areas. Along with these, special surveys are also conducted by social workers and other staff of the PCH.

Statistical Report

- Total No of Children Inducted - 707
- Through the CWC - 634
- Through the JJB - 31
- Through Childline - 33
- Through other agencies - 09

- No. of Children Restored / Released - 597
- Transferred to other Homes - 05
- No of Children Walked Out - 54
- No. of Children Rehabilitated - 15
- No of children as on 31st of March 2006 – 215

Services provided at the Prayas Children's Home

Non Formal Education

All the newly inducted children are immediately enrolled in Non-Formal Education classes according to their learning capacities. The NFE model is one of the most successful achievements of Prayas, which is based on play-way method. It is child-friendly and relevant to their situation.

The children are given education with the help of creative games, puzzles, music, pictorial charts etc. Special emphasis is laid on the specific interests and attitudes of the children so as to maintain their attention and interest levels.

The subjects taught are English Hindi, Mathematics, Social Awareness and Drawing. The ultimate aim is to impart literacy and numerical skills to the children so that they may eventually get mainstreamed into the formal school system. The whole exercise involves regular visits of the educator to the schools, both for the admission process and for regular monitoring later on.

Statistical Report

- Total no. of children enrolled in non-formal education - 255
- Mainstreaming of children to regular school - 108
- No. of children holding positions in school - 35

The children's progress is regularly monitored by oral and written tests at regular intervals. Before the examination, a revision of the entire syllabus is done. The test focuses on objective-type questions. Children are also taught about personal hygiene and grooming. This is an important aspect of personality development which is further enhanced by the activities of the Bal Sabha held every Saturday. Regular and relevant counseling is a part of our programme, which helps the child to develop a sense of responsibility, proper social behavior patterns and self-esteem.

Remedial Education

One of the major objectives of Prayas is to mainstream children in formal education systems. To this end, we ensure the admission of children in Government Schools in nearby areas. This year, 108 children were admitted in formal schools and for those children we had organized Remedial Education classes in the home, with the aim of ensuring that these children will be able to keep up with their peers.

National Institute of Open Schooling

NIOS has come into existence to cater the educational needs of those children who cannot pursue institutional education due to their adverse circumstances. The ultimate objective of both NIOS and Prayas is the same – that is, rehabilitating the poor and underprivileged into mainstream society. Prayas has been accredited as a SAIED center by the NIOS, for classes X and XII. In this process, we have so far enrolled 300 children from various centers of Prayas. This year, 16 new children from the Prayas Children's Home were enrolled at the Secondary and Sr. Secondary levels. Special classes under the personal contact programme, were organized at the home for all children enrolled in the NIOS through Prayas.

Clothing

Uniforms were provided to all the children who were admitted in the schools and two sets of Prayas dresses were distributed to the children. The uniform includes trousers, shirts, socks, shoes, sweaters etc.

Library

There are more than 5000 books in the Prayas Children's Home library. Library cards have been issued to 319 children. During the year, 299 books were donated and 181 books were purchased along with newspapers, tuition books and magazines that would cater to the interests of the children.

Vocational Training

This has been made integral part of our educational programme. The basic objective is to provide technical knowledge and practical experience to children, for safe and dignified alternative occupations.

Health Services

Regular check-ups of every child are conducted. Apart from one resident house mother/nurse and one part-time doctor, there are several visiting doctors from various hospitals who provide their services at the home.

Statistical Report

- Children referred to hospital – 56
- Health camps organized – 15
- Health cards issues – 707

Artificial limbs and calipers were provided to 2 children. Two children treated for tuberculosis and one was operated on for cataract. All the newly inducted children go through a de-worming and disinfection process after a medical screening, within 24 hours. Wheelchairs are provided to children who need them. We are in the process of organizing camps on various health-care issues.

Health related Training

Training programmes and workshops were organized for the staff of the PCH on the following subjects –AIDS, HIV & STD by Action India Team, Counseling, NFE through the play-way method, counseling through Childline, controlled emotional counseling in social work, drug de-addiction. A five-day workshop on health and hygiene was organized with the help of the Indian Institute of Hotel Management, Pusa Road.

Visitors

As it is a unique and alternative model of a juvenile home and drop-in centre, the PCH has had several visitors from NGOs, Universities, the Police Training College, and many Foreign delegations, such as delegates from the International Labour Organization (ILO) and the famous US Navy Band, 'TSUNAMI'. Delegates from the Spanish group SETEM visited PCH to learn the various aspects of social work.

Other Activities

- A friendly cricket tournament called JEETENGE HUM was held at Nirankari ground for street and working children all over Delhi.
- Around 15 children, along with 2 staff members, went to Nainital for a summer trip through the Aurobindo Ashram.
- 30 children participated in a drawing competition at the India Habitat Centre, organized on environmental issues.
- Children of the PCH presented a cultural programme at the SWAVLAMBHAN MELA at Dilli Haat, organized by Prayas.
- Around 20 children went to participate in the International Trade Fair at Pragati Maidan.
- 30 Children participated in the Nagraj on-the-spot Painting Competition, held at the National Stadium.
- Around 35 children played a friendly cricket tournament between the PCH and the Prayas Observation Home.
- 15 Children went to attend a the Book Fair at Pragati Maidan in February

Delhi	Jahangirpuri	PRAYAS JUVENILE AID CENTRE (JAC) SOCIETY
		EE Block, Jahangirpuri, Delhi-110033
	Prayas Children's Home	EE Block, Near Police Station, Jahangirpuri, Delhi-110033 Tel: 27634853, Email: pch@prayaschildren.org
	Prayas Childline (1098)	EE Block, Near Police Station, Jahangirpuri, Delhi-110033 Tel: 27633906-7, Email: childline@prayaschildren.org
	Street Children Project	EE Block, Near Police Station, Jahangirpuri, Delhi-110033 Tel: 55396445

Centres running under SCH Project

North-West	Badli	Bhagwanpur, Samaypur Badli
	Jahangirpuri	Jhuggi No.159, K-Block, Shiv Mandir, Jahangirpuri
	"	G-192, Jahangirpuri
	"	H2- 757, Jahangirpuri
	"	A-73, K-Block, Jahangirpuri
	"	A-Block, DDA Flats, Jahangirpuri
	"	J-1296 Block, Jahangirpuri
	"	H2- 762, Jahangirpuri
	"	C-824, Jahangirpuri
	"	D-964, Jahangirpuri
	"	H2-762, Jahangirpuri
	"	H1-804, Jahangirpuri
	"	PCH, Jahangirpuri, Delhi-10033
	"	PCH, Jahangirpuri, Delhi-10034
Central	Sabzi Mandi	Azadpur Station and Sabzi Mandi
	Nabi Karim	Nabi Karim
	Morigate	BVK Kuchha Motihar Khan, Morigate
	Peeragarhi	BVK. , Udyog Nagar, Peeragarhi
	Connaught Place	Hanuman Mandir, Connaught Place

Shelter Home for Girls, Tughlakabad

The need to have a holistic program that would focus on the most vulnerable categories of children in need of care and protection and their integration into mainstream society has been felt for some time. Hence, an Integrated Program, which provides for care and protection of these vulnerable children beginning from crisis outreach services to final rehabilitation with their families, is found to be necessary.

The Department of social Welfare, Govt. of NCT of Delhi vide their notification No. F.No.61 (2) DO-1/DSW/2001/8672-727 dated 24.09.03 has recognized the Prayas Shelter Home for Girls as shelter home under Section 37 (1) of Juvenile Justice (care and Protection) Act 2000. Therefore, Prayas Shelter Home for Girls, Tughlakabad is ideally fit to serve as a non-custodial institutional care, community based facilities as one of the modes of disposition of cases u/s 15 of Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of children) Act, 2000.

Status of Girls in the Shelter Home

(April 2005 to March 2006)

- New Children inducted: 156
- No of children restored: 97
- No of children transferred to other organization: 38
- Strength: 62 (as on 31st March 2006)

Educational-Vocational Status of Children

- Formal school: 29
- Alternative educational Centre 30
- Vocational classes: 15
- Engaged in economic generating activity: 10

Important events in the home

- All children of the home attended birthday party organized by corporate at Sainik Farm on 1st April 2005
- Four special children of the home got admitted in the Akshay Prathisthan School, Vasant Kunj for inclusive education in month of April
- 6 children were admitted to Chander Kanya Vidya Mandir, East of Kailash for higher studies
- Radio Mirchi had celebrated its birthday with Prayas children on 29th April 2005
- Mr. Virender Sehwal, famous cricketer, visited the home and interacted with children on 28th May 2005
- All children of the shelter home had gone for a recreational trip to Dolls Museum, India Gate and Appu Ghar on 30th June 2005
- Numbers of home visits were conducted in Delhi and outside Delhi like Rohtak, Faridabad, Jharkhand, Bihar, West Bengal etc for assessing home condition. The visits were conducted with help of local organizations working in the area
- Sangini, a organization working on reproductive health issues, conducted several sessions with all adolescent girls of the home in month of August-September 2005

- The girls of the home gave cultural performance at Old Fort on the occasion of World Truism Day on 27 September 2005
- Children participated in a Painting Competition, at Ansal Plaza on 3rd October 2005, organized by WWF
- All children of the home had seen Ek Roti Aur (children film) at Shakuntalam Theatre on 15th October 2006
- Two children of the home acted in a documentary film on Trafficking produced by Doordharshan
- Children celebrated Christmas at Pacific Mall, Noida, organized by Action India on 25th Dec, 2005
- Children had attended Art of Living classes in January 2006
- People from IOC had visited the home and had fruitful interaction with children on 11 Jan, 06
- Ms Laura Bush, First lady of USA, had visited Prayas and had interaction with 6 girls of the Shelter Home on 2nd March, 2006
- All new girls were inducted and restorations were done as per the directions of Child Welfare Committee.
- 6 children of the home were transferred to SOS Village, Jaipur for long-term rehabilitation in March 206

Training/Workshop/meetings attended by Staff

- Workshop on Child Abuse Study at Vigyan Bhawan, organized by Prayas on 20-21st April 2005
- Two- day training for social workers working in institutional care for survivors of trafficking at NIPCCED on 25-26 April 2005. The training was organized by DWCD
- Meeting on trafficking organized by Anti-Trafficking Network
- Training programme on Appreciative Inquiry and Human Right based programming organized by Prayas on 6th July 2005
- Trafficking workshop at Ranchi, organized by ATSEC (Jharkhand Chapter). The participant presented experiences of the Shelter home in relation with trafficking for domestic labour
- Gave presentation on counseling techniques to persons working in institutional services on 27 Sept 2005. The workshop was organized by Project Concern International at Bal-Saheyog
- Attended meeting on trafficking organized by SARIQ at Vasant Continental on 19 Nov, 2005
- National convention on mental health care services for disabled at USI, Action Aid India on 3rd Dec, 05
- State level consultation on Delivering Justice to children: Rhetoric to Reality at Delhi Secretariat on 12 Jan, 06
- The State consultation on Domestic Labour and Trafficking workshop was organized with Sanlaap at Indian Habitat Centre on 2nd Feb, 06
- Workshop on counseling of trafficked survivors at NIPCCED from 6th to 11th Feb, 06

Prayas Observation Home for Boys (POHB) in Conflict with Law

For children in conflict with the law, Prayas has been running an observation home at Delhi Gate, in partnership with the Delhi Government, under the Juvenile Justice Act. Children are counseled regularly to overcome their trauma. They are also provided with an education and training in a life skill. This home is the first of its kind in the country, a model of transformation from a children's jail to a child-friendly home.

It functions under the guidance of the Juvenile Justice Board (JJB) constituted under the Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection of Children) Act 2000, Government of India. The mission of the home is to protect the rights of juveniles who are in conflict with the law, and equip them to meet their basic needs and achieve their full potential. The home uses reformatory approaches in helping these children give up anti-social behavior. Prayas assists the JJB through social investigation and working with legal provisions. It also provides opportunities to the juveniles for trauma and psycho-social counseling, physical, cultural and moral education, functional literacy levels, vocational training, recreation, health care and overall personality development. It also initiates steps towards their reintegration into their families as well as with the community. The emphasis is to provide quality care in a healthy environment. The earnings earned through the arts and crafts prepared by the children are given to them after their release from the home. The inmates are provided appropriate social skills and legal aid to face the Juvenile Justice Board.

Probation Unit

Probation unit is being managed by four professionally qualified Probation Officers (POs). They study the antecedents of juveniles, comprising of their family background, neighborhood set up, socio-economic status etc, to understand and diagnose the problems of the juveniles. Through their social investigation reports prepared on prescribed performa they are able to assist the Juvenile Justice Board in passing final orders for the Juveniles under section 15 of the JJ Act 2000.

Probation Unit also conducts home visits and takes in depth interviews of the parents of the juveniles. As soon as a new child is admitted in the Home, the Probation Officer gets in touch with the child in order to know his background and address. On receipt of his address, the information is immediately sent to the parents through letter, telegram, telephone or other sources accordingly. In many cases where small children are not able to give any clue about their residential addresses, their photographs are published in the newspapers and telecasted on Doordarshan. For the local children, the PO conducts home visit along with the child who helps in locating the home. The PO carries out a detailed investigation, on the basis of which s/he then prepares suitable recommendations for the rehabilitation of the children. The recommendations are placed before the Juvenile Welfare Board (JWB) so as to obtain legal orders regarding the disposal of the cases. Children belonging to other states are escorted by the Prayas staff or 3rd battalion, for restoration to their parents or for transfer to the State Home.

Recreational Activities

Besides other children collective or Samities at POHB we also have a 'Cultural Samiti' that includes member from staff and juveniles. They are responsible for holding competitions and organizing indoor and outdoor games and sports. Each dormitory house a color T.V. set with a cable connection for the juveniles to view during their leisure time. A music system is also available.

Health: - There is a medical care unit at POHB comprising of a part time doctor, a full time nurse and a visiting Psychiatrist. The interns from MAMC come regularly from the P.C.M. Department. They are being supervised by a Post Graduate and Senior Resident regularly. There is also a dental unit available with support from MAMC, which is operational two days a week. The interns from the Maulana Azad .Dental College assist the M.C.U. at POHB. The health status of the juveniles is maintained regularly. Health awareness talks, quiz are also organized from time to time.

1. New Juveniles Admitted at POHB in 2005. - 586
No of cases disposed at POHB in 2005. - 594
2. New Juveniles admitted at POHB in 2006. - 610.
No of cases disposed at POHB 2006. - 609.

Bal Greh, Daycare and Night Shelter Homes for Street Children

Prayas runs daycare and night shelter homes for such children in Delhi to provide them care and support. It also provides opportunities to the street children for counseling, physical and cultural education, moral education, functional literacy levels, vocational training, parent – child relationship counseling, recreation, healthcare and overall personality development. It also initiates steps towards their reintegration with families as well as with the community.

The children are also imparted auto repairing skill training to provide the earning opportunities. A significant proportion of children have been re-integrated with their parents / family. The project has contributed significantly in developing their self esteem and earning capacities.

Integrated Program for Street Children'

The project is funded and supported by the **Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment, Govt. of India** under the scheme of '**An Integrated Program for Street Children**'. It was started in the year 1993 at Jahangirpuri and later on expanded to the nearby areas of Azadpur, Bhagwanpur, Hanuman Mandir, Palika, Mori Gate and Nabi Karim Delhi. Programme includes:

- a) Education and Recreation
- b) Health cares
- c) Vocational Training & Rehabilitation Programmes
- d) Staff Training Programmes
- e) Advocacy

Restoration & Rehabilitation

The street children who are inducted into our centres are disconnected from the social mainstream. In order to help them, we resort to intensive counseling in the beginning and involve them in various activities as a confidence-building measure. Through proper care, education, recreation and counseling at periodical intervals, they are gradually groomed to join the mainstream and overcome their sense of alienation. Some of the features and achievements of this programme are:-

- During the period, there were 845 children on the rolls who were provided education, nutrition, clothes, basic necessities and educational equipment.
- 20 beneficiaries of this year have been mainstreamed into govt. schools for formal education and 40 children enrolled with the NIOS Open Basic Education Programme.

- 06 children enrolled in secondary level courses in the NIOS. Remedial education is also being provided to the children who have been admitted in formal schooling system and NIOS.
- Recreation & Educational Trips - Prayas makes all possible efforts to make the lives of these children as normal and joyful as possible. With this end in view, recreational activities like films, outings and tours have been added to their curriculum and daily living. Recreational activities are vital for the holistic development of children. This programme includes a number of outdoor and indoor games and cultural activities. Every week a Bal Sabha is held in which activities such as singing, dancing, acting, public speaking, general knowledge tests and sports are conducted.

Sports and Games

Sports are an integral part of the upbringing of the children at all the centres. It not only keeps the children fit and athletic but also gives them the opportunity to learn about group dynamics and teamwork. It also inculcates in them a sense of discipline. Prayas has a sprawling ground where children are given the chance to participate in various track and field sports, such as cricket, football, racing etc. Indoor games such as carom, chess and ludo are also provided. Inter-centre sports competitions are a regular feature of our project. With an aim to promote the competitive spirit and a sense of achievement, several competitions including painting, music sports, etc, are organized, in which children participate with great interest.

Celebration of National & Cultural Festivals

- On 5th June 2005, Environmental Day was celebrated with great enthusiasm and gaiety. The children were taken to Lodhi Gardens, where a rally was taken out up to the World Wildlife Federation. A drawing competition was also held at the location. The programme was supported by Coca- Cola India.
- On 18th June, a cultural programme under the Room to Read Project, was organized, where the children of Prayas performed, having undergone a month-long workshop organized by the Sahitya Kala Parishad.
- On 23rd June, the Grishma Kalin Bal Mahotsav was held at the Purva Sanskritik Kendra, Laxmi Nagar, where children of Prayas put up a cultural performance, as the culmination of a training workshop organized by the Sahitya Kala Parishad. .
- On 14th August, Independence Day was celebrated with great patriotic fervor. The Rotary Club, Rohini, sponsored the programme, and the President of thr Rotary Club was the chief guest. He unfurled the National Flag at the PCH Jahangirpuri. A cultural programme was held on this occasion in which children participated actively.
- On 19th August, Rakshabandhan was celebrated with traditional enthusiasm & gaiety.
- On 25th March, a cultural programme, called 'Ek Shaam Bachchon Ke Naam', supported by the donors and the patrons of the children, was celebrated. Mr. Praveen Aggarwal, Sr. Manager Coca- Cola, Mr. Alok Shivpuri, Principal, Pusa Institute of Hotel Management, Sh. Maula, and Mr. B.P. Pandey from UEEM, and other signatories from the bank and corporate sector, were present on this occasion.

Health Care

Street and working children live a high-risk lifestyle. They remain ignorant about safe health and sexual practices, making them vulnerable to STD and HIV infection. Substance abuse is a common phenomenon as well. Public meetings, awareness rallies, street plays, health camps etc., were organized, on various health issues with regular intervals to educate the people. Regular health camps were organized in different areas to provide services to the children

Referral System

Prayas has a referral system for children with serious health problems or needing specialized investigative services. The children are referred to nearby hospitals and other government clinics. Emergency medical services, hospitalization and operation facilities in case of serious illnesses, are available at Maulana Azad Medical College, LNJP, Ram Manohar Lohia Hospital, Safdarjung Hospital, AIIMS etc.

- This year, 48 children from Hanuman Mandir, 43 from Mori Gate, 19 from the Palika centre, 6 from the Azadpur centre and 2 children from the Nabi Karim centre, were referred to the Ram Manohar Lohia Hospital, Kalawati, Lady Hardinge and Babu Jagjeevan Ram Hospitals for treatment.
- A beneficiary from the Hanuman Mandir centre who had tuberculosis has been handed over to child line for providing medical treatment at Rajan Babu T.B. Hospital.
- A child of Hanuman Mandir centre sustained fracture in his hand. He is receiving treatment through Govt. Hospital.
- On 30th Dec, 2005 one child had dog-bite. He was administered medical treatment from Babu Jagjeevan Ram Hospital.
- A girl child namely Neetu of Bhagwanpur centre was seriously ill. She was admitted to Ram Manohar Lohiya hospital for treatment. She remained in ICU for two days. However she is improving a present and has been discharged from hospital.

Counseling

Given the often difficult nature of their experiences, the children who come to us are often understandably traumatized. To bring them into the social mainstream, it is imperative to keep them under continual counseling so that they may overcome this trauma and begin afresh. We have got well-trained educators who conduct effective counseling for these children in order to instill a sense of confidence and conviction in them.

Due to the persisting problem of HIV AIDS, drug addiction, child abuse, sexual abuse we conduct regular counseling on health and other related aspects.

Nutrition

Since the children are not able to get hygienic and nutritious food at their workplace as well as other places where they are residing, supplementary nutrition is an important aspect of the project. In this process, on an average, 356 children per month were provided supplementary nutrition.

Vocational Training Programme.

When the children leave the centres, they go back to a harsh and unsafe society. It is important for them to have vocational skills, so as to ensure their survival. Prayas recognizes the inclusion of vocational courses in all its centres as a requirement for empowerment. This programme provides a number of unskilled people with a self-reliant future. Many of the children, after completing their training, have been employed in both the public and private sectors. This programme also creates gainful self-employment opportunities for children.

Restoration & Rehabilitation

- 18 children from the Hanuman Mandir centre, 20 from the Mori Gate centre, and 29 children from the Palika Centre have been provided shelter at Prayas Children's Home at Jahangirpuri.
- 20 children from the Hanuman Mandir Centre, 40 from Mori Gate, 22 children from Nabi Karim and 29 from the Palika Centre have been reintegrated with their families.

- One child namely Hasibul from Nabi Karim Centre has been engaged by Central Bank to look after parking of vehicles. Similarly, another child namely Baliram from Nabi Karim has got job in Paneer making Factory.
- Four children Chandan, Rajiv, Baliram and Hasibul from Nabi Karim Centre have been rehabilitated by getting placement in Water Packing factory, Bag making factory, screen printing and cutting and tailoring respectively.

Advocacy

Advocacy is an important tool to ensure the lasting health and well-being of the children. In informing the children about health and hygiene, communicable diseases like STDs, HIV/ AIDS, drug abuse, literacy and other social issues, social workers and educators play a vital role. They provide necessary information; check the awareness levels of the children regarding these issues and take remedial measures in case of an anomaly.

Integrated Program for Street Children

Besides, providing residential and non-residential care the Prayas JAC provides a platform to offer services exclusively for street and working children. This project covers children working on the railway platforms and the vegetable market at Azadpur (Biggest in Asia) and the adjoining areas. The specific objectives of this special project are:

- Identification of Street and Working Children and their enrollment with various developmental activities
- Protection against abuse, exploitation and destitution
- Provision of Alternative Education along with other services like mid – day meal, recreation etc.
- Rehabilitation through vocational training, repatriation and reintegration with their families,
- Awareness generation of the wider community about the problem faced by these children through advocacy and other measures.
- Research, documentation and dissemination of information about street and working children and their problems and
- Provision of learning opportunities through fieldwork for student social workers and NGO personnel.

Childline 1098 – 24 hours helpline for children in distress

Childline is a free phone (1098) helpline for children in need of care and protection. The 1098 is a toll-free number common to all the cities of India, has been playing a vital role in the rescue and rehabilitation of the children. Calls received from children in distress immediately activate the rescue team to initiate necessary protective action. In addition to providing emergency assistance to children, the service also refers children to other organizations for long-term rehabilitation.

Objectives of Prayas Childline

- To reach out to every child in need of care and protection by responding to emergencies on 1098.
- To ensure the accessibility of technology to the most marginalized, in urban as well as rural areas, and the connectivity of 1098 through government telephone exchanges as well as private exchanges.
- To work together with allied organizations to create child-friendly systems.
- To advocate for services for children that are inaccessible, non-existent or inadequate.
- To strive for excellence in service to children in need of special care and protection and to ensure that the best interests of the child are taken care of.
- To provide a platform for networking amongst organizations and for linkages to support systems, so as to facilitate the rehabilitation of children in need of care and protection.
- To create a family of NGOs and government organizations working within the framework of a national vision and policy for children.
- To use the experiences of Childline and the data generated, to determine strategies to reach out more effectively to children.

Background

The concept of Childline as a service was evolved when children conveyed their need for assistance when they had a problem, especially in the absence of other day-care services. It took four years of planning with street children, organizations working with children, and the telephone department, before the service could be initiated on June 20, 1996 in Mumbai as a field action project of the Department Of Family & Child Welfare, Tata Institute Of Social Sciences.

Two years later, the Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment organized a workshop to determine the need for a national phone service for children. There were 117 participants from 28 cities at the workshop to discuss the issue. It was decided that the Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment would support the replication of Childline across India in a phased manner. Childline would have a national identity, and would retain its logo, number and colors across the country.

Believes:

1. Every call is important.
2. Every child is important.
3. Childline cannot work alone.
4. Childline is a special family.
5. Childline is transparent and accountable.

How Childline Works

When a call is made to this service, one of Childline's collaborating agencies responds to it. A Childline team member reaches the child immediately and refers the call to a support agency in the

vicinity of the distressed child. For specialized services or inputs, Childline enlists the help of resource organizations. So far, Childline has helped thousands of children in urgent need of attention and assistance. Childline has been authorized under the JJ Act to produce a child before the CWC.

Shelter- This has been a priority for Childline. Thus, collaborative centres within shelter homes have been established, and children are immediately sent to the protective and clean environment of a shelter home, where their long-term restoration and rehabilitation are planned.

Medical Aid- The Childline staff members are trained to provide first aid when necessary, while serious cases are referred to hospitals and other services.

Repatriation- The process of repatriation starts with the child's desire to return home. A verification of the address provided by the child is conducted and the parents are informed via the post or telephone, after which the team members accompany the child to his/her house, Efforts are made to provide counseling to the parents and child, and the reasons for his/her running away or abandonment are identified. A close follow-up of these children is maintained in order to avoid a repeat.

Rehabilitation- In the case of missing children who are lost or have run away from home and have been brought to Childline's notice by the police or another concerned adult, Childline acts very quickly to trace their parents, by distributing photographs and other information about clothes and other identification marks, to all the police stations, Childline zones, the CWC and other NGOs within city. If required, this information is sent to others cities as well.

Usually, the parents are located within a short period of time. However, in case the parents remain untraced for a long time, the children are, in the meantime, provided shelter in resource organizations or government homes. If the parents cannot be found, the children undergo the rehabilitation or restoration programmes of where they are placed. In the second category of reports of missing children, namely those lodged by parents, the reports are first matched with the details of lost children in all Childline cities and zones. These reports are then forwarded to the police, NGOs and Childline centres for further identification and matching. The reports are flashed all over the country through the national Childline network.

Children's Hope Prayas – West Delhi

Prayas realized that the problem of destitute children could be found practically in every part of Delhi. Responding to their needs, Prayas established another such centre in West Delhi and christened it Anupam Prayas. This unit currently runs centres in a slum area popularly known as Kathputli (Puppet) Colony.

Representatives of Children's Hope U.S.A. – an international organization working to promote the development of women and children, visited this area. The living and working condition of the slum dwellers, especially the stark deprivation faced by the children and women visibly moved the visitors. Moved by this scenario, Children's Hope immediately offered to intervene and work to improve the living conditions of this highly marginalized population.

01.01.2004 witnessed the formal commencement of the project in the Kathputli Colony renamed as *Children's Hope Prayas*. Since then, the project has been progressing smoothly and is expanding its horizons for serving the community. The population of Kathputli Colony basically comprises migrants from Rajasthan, Bihar, Uttar Pradesh and Andhra Pradesh, whose basic way of earning is through the performing arts like acrobatics, folkdance, puppetry etc.

To mainstream marginalized children into society, with a belief that all children should get equal opportunities to grow, the project adopts the “from cradle to career” approach. All our experience and research indicates that this type of socio-economic shift is only possible if the needs of the community, at large, are addressed. To make the community self-sustainable it is required to mobilize the resources of the community. The community should utilize them in a manner with which they develop the understanding of using the available resources in the best possible manner.

The focus is to help children to realize their potential and to raise the level of confidence in them. Incorporating vocational skills with education is emphasized to build up the income generation activities among the children. Children cannot be developed into responsible individuals without addressing the needs of their parents, especially their mothers. Their health, commitment and empowerment are crucial to the success of the service Children's Hope Prayas provides to them.

Major Activities

Under the project, the following activities/programmes are undertaken for the overall development of the community:-

Education

- Number of NFE Centres - 14
- Number of students enrolled - 350

Remedial Centres (ensuring continuity of children in the mainstream) :-

In order to reduce the dropout rate and ensure high retention, 4 remedial classes are running to offer tutorial assistance to around 100 children studying in Ist to Vth std.

- Number of Centres - 04
- Number of children enrolled - 100

Health check-ups

- Number of children examined - 3648
- Number of children with Health cards - 3648
- Total Referrals - 08

Library

- Number of Community library - 04
- Number of members - 522

Bal Sabhas

- Number of Bal Sabhas held - 329

Sports & Cultural Programme

Sports were introduced here in 2005. This activity has added zeal and fitness to the growing children. Children are now gaining proper muscular coordination and strength.

Different teams are formed under this component such as cricket, kho-kho, volleyball and football. Continuous practice for all the activities has been done regularly.

Music classes started in the April 2005. This is helping to generate rhythm and harmony within the children. Musical instruments like the harmonium, tabla, guitar, dholak etc. are regularly used to increase the interest of the students and with the regular practice and continuous inputs of the music teacher, students are now able to use those instruments, and have participated in various functions

Educational Trips

Educational trips are organized to enhance the knowledge of the children. These trips provide them the opportunity to themselves see and form conceptions. As these children are from deprived communities, they are given a chance to see the better aspect of the society.

Delhi	Pandav Nagar	ANUPAM PRAYAS
West	(Children's Hope Inc. Project, USA)	Basti Vikas Kendra, Katputli Colony, Pandav Nagar, Near Shadipur Depot, New Delhi-110008, Tel: 55472103 Email: anupamprayas@prayaschildren.org
	Pandav Nagar	
	Sabzi Mandi	CHP, Old Bldg., Pandav Nagar, Near Sabzi Mandi, New Delhi-110008
	Sabzi Mandi	CHP, New Bldg., Pandav Nagar, Near Sabzi Mandi, New Delhi-110008
	Badshah Shop	CHP Creache, A-Block Pandav Nagar, New Delhi-110008
	Kathputli Colony	Kathputli Colony, Pandav Nagar, New Delhi-110008
	Marathi Camp	Near Anupam Prayas Office, Pandav Nagar, New Delhi-110008
	Kirti Nagar	5/35, Kirti Nagar, New Delhi-110015
	Zakhira	BVK, Rakhi Mkt. Zakhira, New Delhi-110015
	Daya Basti	Daya Basti Railway Station, Near Shiv Mandir, Delhi-110035
		Daya Basti Railway Station, Near Shiv Mandir, Delhi-110035
		Daya Basti Railway Station, Near Shiv Mandir, Delhi-110035

Creches (offering early childhood care and education)

There is a dearth of livelihood options in the area, forcing both the parents to go out to look for work, thus, leaving behind young children at their siblings', especially girls, disposal. They are fed only in the morning and get food only when the mother comes back after an entire day of toil. The young child is almost without food for the whole day in conditions that seriously affects the development.

Thus, creches were established to offer early childhood care and preparatory education to children in the age group of 2 to 5 years. They not only provide a safe environment to the child but also respite to the mother and the older siblings. The children are provided nutrition everyday. This also helped us to raise the numbers of girl students in our NFE centers and other schools as well.

- Number of Creches - 03
- Number of Children - 84

Nutrition

Children are provided with mid-day meals, whose nutritional value is especially maintained. Apart from this, children in creches are also provided with supplementary diet in the evening.

Economic Empowerment

Self Help Groups (SHGs)

- Total Number of SHGs - 28
- Total Number of Meetings - 600

Vocational Training (offering avenues for self-reliance) :-

- Duration of Cutting & Tailoring - 06 months
- Total Number of children enrolled - 47
- Duration of Beauty culture - 06 months
- Total Number of children enrolled - 50
- Duration of Home utility - 08 months
- Total number of children enrolled - 20

Pradhans' Meetings

Pradhans are locally elected influential people in the community. They have been included in the awareness programmes. A few of them are keenly interested in the community development programme. Their participation is also needed in most of the activities related to the community as they are the most influential persons and they also ensure the participation of the people in the activities carried out by Children's Hope Prayas.

Total Meetings	Total Attendance
47	280

Samudai Samiti Meeting

Every month Samudai Samiti Meeting is organized in the office premises of Children's Hope Prayas. The main motto of organizing these meetings is to provide a common platform to all working hands that can help in running the activities of community development in a sensible and effective manner.

These working hands include MLA and Councillors of Local Areas, Vice-President Congress Committee, officials from the Municipal Corporation and local police and from different NGOs such as Mobile Creches, Kalakar Trust and Sewa Bharti. These meetings have been quite successful in receiving support and strengthening the community development programmes.

Total Meetings	Total Attendance
14	201

Raina-Prayas

A joint venture between Raina-Foundation and Prayas to set-up a community based sponsorship programme for nearly 200-250 neglected children and their families at Bawana under the name of Raina-Prayas was started in 2004. The families of these children had been uprooted from Yamuna Pushta slum clusters near Rajghat, New Delhi by the Municipal authority and have been relocated at Bawana in north-west Delhi. It was very difficult for them to adjust in the new setup with no prior availability of build houses, they were given 12 yards of land to build houses of their choice. We have seen people with no proper shade struggling hard in high sunlight and heavy rain for several days.

The programme provides education, nutrition, clothing, health, recreation, vocational training, and all round development facilities to these children and their families included in the project of Raina-Prayas.

About the Centre –2005 was a good beginning for the project when after struggling hard for proper place to run our centre we found a suitable porta cabin campus to run our non-formal education centre in March, 2005. Porta Cabin consists of 5 classes in a big hall and a separate office, kitchen and storeroom.. A separate library room and computer room was also made as the additional interest subject for the students. We were on proper track for success when on 8th February, 2006 the DDA demolished the centre. Then, 3 rooms were taken on hired basis to run the classes but as before because of less space the project was suffering and was again on a search for a new ideal place for the centre. Robin Raina visited the centre on 16th May, 2006 and then and there finalized our new centre at Bawana village to run our Project. This new centre was around 400 yards in area and consists of 5 classrooms, kitchen, office, staff room, store room, library, computer room, T.V. room and a big assembly hall. The process took around 1 month for renovation and agreement and on 1st June, 2006 we shifted to our new centre at Bawana.

Education – Raina-Prayas aimed at linking the neglected and marginalized children of the Bawana slum cluster to the main stream of education. We provide children with Non-Formal education and our motto is to get every student involved in the primary basic education provided by the

government. In the year 2005 there were around 250 children and out of them 80 admissions were done for the Government School and the school going children were then replaced by the neglected, drop outs and non-school going children as new admissions for the Raina-Prayas center. In the beginning of the year 2006 there were around 230 children and 70 got linked with the main stream of education. In total we have linked 150 non-school going children with the main stream and at present 250 children are under non-formal education pattern at our centre of Raina-Prayas.

Curriculum - In the year 2005 the curriculum included Hindi, English, Maths and G.K. with Bal Sabha on every Saturday. In July, 2005 on introduction of Library books in our centre a new subject was added in the curriculum of the children as library. Then in August, 2005 when Robin Raina Foundation funded 3 computers, a proper computer class was introduced as a new subject for the existing curriculum. After the shifting into the new centre at Bawana Village one more subject was included as watching television for about half an hour which includes discovery channel, national geographic & cartoon network.

Health – As the residence community was a slum area health related problems were common among the children and their families, and there is a lack of proper health-care facilities. The most common diseases were diarrhea, infection due to dirty water, malaria, allergy etc. In August, 2005, the first health camp was organized by Raina-Prayas for the children involved in the project. Then after a routine medical health camp was organized from time to time to avoid health related problems in the community. The health camp includes proper checkup of the children, growth monitoring, medicine distribution, medical advises etc.

Children's Activity & Functions – In March, 2005 the children and staff of Raina-Prayas celebrated Holi when the educators from Jahangirpuri also participated in the celebration to encourage the children. On 9th August, 2005 Mr. Robin Raina with family along with Mr. Vikas & Mr. Satya from Robin Raina Foundation celebrated his birthday with children and staff of the centre by distributing gifts and sweets to the children. On 15th August, 2005 children celebrated Independence Day and Mr. Vikas & Mr. Satya from Robin Raina Foundation, Mr. Naushad Khan, Sr. Manager (Education), SHO (Narela) and SHG Women participated in the function. In September, 2005 a workshop was organized for children by Room to Read on Story telling. On 1st November, 2005 children celebrated Diwali in the centre. They made diyas, burned crackers and distributed sweets to express their delight for the occasion. On 14th November children went for a picnic to celebrate children day. They visited India Gate and Children's park. In October, 2005 media people from Zee Jagran interviewed staff and children of Raina – Prayas. On December 31st, 2005 Mr. Vikas and Mr. Satya from Robin Raina Foundation celebrated Christmas day and new year with children and distributed gifts & sweets to them. On 1st January, 2006 children celebrated new year with their friends and teachers of Raina – Prayas. On 26th January, 2006 children celebrated Republic day in which various cultural functions were organized by the children. From 10th March till 20th March, 2006 a workshop was organized on Play, Painting and Story Telling by Net Foundation of India for 20 children. On 14 March, 2006 children celebrated Holi with colors and sweets

Transportation - As the New Centre is about 2.5 k.m. away from the residence of the centre children, a bus was hired on agreement for one year which would take two rounds from J.J. Colony to Bawana centre to take the children and again dropping them back to their residence from the centre.

Training & Workshops –

- A workshop on responsibilities of librarian was organized in the month of September, 2005 and was attended by our librarian at Tughlakabad, Prayas Head Office
- A workshop on Education for Educators was organized on 13th & 14th December, 2005 at Tughlakabad, Prayas Head Office.
- A workshop on Education for Educators was organized on 29th December, 2005 at Tughlakabad, Prayas Head Office.
- A workshop on financial assistance for SHG Women was organized on 13th January, 2006 at Jahangir Puri.

Self-Help Group – In March, 2005 there were 5 SHGs and by the end of March, 2006 the group no. increased to 22 out of which 16 groups have bank accounts and 1 group has applied for bank linkage.

Marked event - On 13th December, 2005 the community got caught up in a huge fire and the families lost everything they had with them. Raina-Prayas moved forward and helped the needy during that time through food, clothing, and health facilities. A camp was organized to provide the desired help to the community. Then on 8th February, 2006 the DDA Bulldozer demolished the well made centre of Raina-Prayas without any prior notice to the organization. We had a great loss in terms of money, space and material.

Prayas Health Service

Statistical data

Total	OPD	Lab investigations*	ANC cases*	Counselling	Health camps/ No. of Pts
21066	7000	1846	49	1795	123 (4493 pts)

Specialist Services at Prayas Health Service

ENT* Pts.	Dental Pts.	TB Pts	Heart Pts.	Eye Pts.	Referral*
741	60	New=14 Treatment continue= 17	149	294	OPD= 187 Camps=124

General Health Camps

Prayas Health Service organized 123 health camps for different projects of Prayas. **4493** children were examined in these camps.

Special Camps

Hepatitis-B Immunization cum General Health Check-up Camp sponsored by IBM-Daksh

On 31st March, 30th September, 29th April 2005, Prayas Health Service organized a IBM-Daksh sponsored “**Hepatitis-B Vaccination cum General Health Check up Camp**” for the children of Prayas Railway project, Lahori Gate. **87** children/adolescents received the vaccination/medicines.

Heart Check-up camp by Escorts Heart Institute & Research Centre

In this year, 12 heart checkup camps were organized at PHS and 149 people were examined and were also provided with free ECG and medicines.

Stree Shakti Health Camp

Prayas Health Service organized Stree Shakti Health Camp on 22nd January 2006 at Sr. Sec. Govt. Co-ed School, R. K. Puram. **466** women were examined in this camp.

Second Stree Shakti Health Camp was organized on 19th February 2006 at MCD Primary School, Dashghara and **806** examined in this camp.

Community Meetings-

Mahila Mandal	Rickshaw Pullers	Factory Workers	Purush Pradhans	Stake Holders	Dhaba Workers	Peer Educators Group	Pradhans
69	43	15	27	28	6	41	21

Pulse Polio Programme

Prayas Health Service participated in Govt. organized pulse polio Abhiyan on **1479** children received polio drops in these Raviwar.

Date	Venue	No of kids
10 th April 2005	PHS	240
15 th May 2005	PHS	252
7 th August 2005	PHS	197
25 th September 2005	PHS	210
27 th November 2005	PHS	190
15 th January 2006	PHS	200
26 th February 2006	PHS	190

Reducing gender based violence among young men in Delhi

A scheme on the project on reducing gender based violence among young men in Delhi approved by Engender Health India. This is a nine-month scheme with total budget of Rs.153900. (One Lakh fifty three thousand nine hundred).

Workshops

- From 1st –2nd September, Mr. Arun Kumar, Coordinator Engender, Health, Mr. Naresh Sharma, Community Health Worker and Ms. Hemlata, Librarian, PHS attended workshop for modification of training module. This was a pre- testing training programme for module, which was prepared by Engender Health on Gender based violence at T B Association, 9 Institutional Area, Lodhi Road.
- From 8th –9th September 2005, Mr. Arun Kumar attended a workshop for pre testing of Model organized by the funding agency.
- From 15th -17th September 2005, Prayas Health Service organized a three day workshop on **Reducing Gender based violence among young men in Delhi** supported by Engender Health at Jahangirpuri.

- From 22nd –25th September 2005, PHS organized a second workshop for young men on the same social issue at Jahangirpuri, Prayas.
- PHS organized a three day workshop on ‘Gender based violence in young men in Delhi on 17th – 21st December 2005 at Jahangirpuri.
- PHS organized a three day workshop on ‘Gender based violence in young men in Delhi on 2nd –4th January 2006 at Jahangirpuri.
- PHS organized a three day workshop on ‘Gender based violence in young men in Delhi on 7th–11th January 2006 at Jahangirpuri.

Anaemia Awareness Generation programme for Adolescent girls and pregnant women (January –March 2006)

- A three months project funded by Directorate of Social Welfare for a Anaemia
- Awareness Generation programme for Adolescent girls and pregnant women of Inderpuri
- Prayas Health Service organized 5 nutrition awareness programmes for the community women of Inderpuri, conducted by Food and Nutrition Board. The objects of these camps were:
 - To make women aware about anaemia and nutrition; anaemia affects brain development, learning ability, pregnancy outcome and work output. To teach them about the nutritious value of whole grain cereals, sprouted legumes, green leafy vegetables, dates, groundnuts, gingelly seeds, lime, seasonal fruits etc. , tell them which food should be cooked how so vitamins are not destroyed. Folic acid (a vitamin) deficiency can cause ‘neural tube defects’ in newborn. Adolescent girls and young women must consume green leafy vegetables (foliage) for folic acid.

Nutrition and health education is the key to achieving a society free from malnutrition.

Peer education Programme

Peer education is a strategy in which the peers are involved in health-based programmes catering to young people. In this approach, peer pressure is constructively used. Peer education draws on the credibility of young people with their peers, leverages the power of role modeling and provides flexibility in meeting diverse needs for today’s young people. Using young people as a resource in the programme is a natural extension of peer relations and it also gives them a sense of partnership in the programme.

Ten adolescent boys and girls were selected as peer educators in Prayas Health Service to communicate on general health issues, family planning, how to quit tobacco and HIV/AIDS.

Delhi	Kirti Nagar	PRAYAS HEALTH SERVICE
	Prayas Health Service	8/35 Kirti Nagar, Industrial Area, New Delhi-110015 Email: phs@prayaschildren.org
	Tughlakabad	Primary Health Centre, 59, Tugh. Instl. Area, New Delhi-110062
	Delhi Gate	Primary Health Centre, behind Feroz Shah Kotla, New Delhi-110002
	Jahangirpuri	Primary Health Centre, EE Block, Jahangirpuri, Delhi-110033

Naya Prayas

Naya Prayas project was started in 1993 to help the vulnerable girl children working as domestic help along with migrant children in couple of areas of south Delhi. Initially the project catered to only to the need of children. However, late Alternative Education

• Number of NFE	:	10
• Number of children enrolled	:	431
• Number children mainstreamed	:	325
• Number children sponsored	:	30
• Number of children in need of special coaching	:	22
• Number children having health card	:	431
• Number SHG	:	05
• Number of libraries	:	03
• Number children having library membership	:	85
• Number of children coming to library	:	200

Number children enrolled in vocational training

• Number of children enrolled in Cutting & Tailoring	:	72
• Number of children completed Cutting & Tailoring	:	70
• Number of children enrolled in beauty culture	:	20
• Number of children completed the course	:	20
• Number of children enrolled in computer course	:	46
• Number children completed the computer course	:	41
• Health Camp held	:	38
• Number of child examined	:	431
• Number of children referred to hospital for treatment	:	03

Centres running under Naya Prayas Project

SOUTH ZONE	Bhanwar Singh Camp	D-8, MCD Building, BSC, Vasant Vihar New Delhi-110057
	Kusumpur Pahari	E-Block, Kusumpur Pahari, Vasant Vihar New Delhi-110057
	"	A-Block, Kusumpur Pahari, Vasant Vihar New Delhi-110058
	"	MCD Building, Kusumpur Pahari, Vasant Vihar New Delhi-110059
	Laxmibai Nagar	Near Community Hall, Laxmibai Nagar, New Delhi
	Bhatti Mines	A-Block, Sanjay Colony, Bhatti Mines, New Delhi-110030
	"	Aloomore, Sanjay Colony, Bhatti Mines, New Delhi-110030
	"	Kundan Chowk, Sanjay Colony, Bhatti Mines, New Delhi-110030
	"	Near Durga Mandir, Sanjay Colony, Bhatti Mines, New Delhi-110030
	"	Pakistani Muhalla, Sanjay Colony, Bhatti Mines, New Delhi-110030
	"	Near Bus Stand Sanjay Colony, Bhatti Mines, New Delhi-110030
	Bhanwar Singh Camp	Bhanwar Singh Camp, Vasant Vihar New Delhi-110057
	"	Bhanwar Singh Camp, Vasant Vihar New Delhi-110058
	Kusumpur Pahari	MCD Building, Kusumpur Pahari, Vasant Vihar New Delhi-110059
	Bhatti Mines	Sanjay Colony, Bhatti Mines, New Delhi-110030
	"	Sanjay Colony, Bhatti Mines, New Delhi-110031
	Bhanwar Singh Camp	Bhanwar Singh Camp, Vasant Vihar New Delhi-110058
	Kusumpur Pahari	MCD Building, Kusumpur Pahari, Vasant Vihar New Delhi-110059
	Bhatti Mines	Sanjay Colony, Bhatti Mines, New Delhi

Astha Prayas

Astha Prayas came into existence as a result of local initiative of the public-spirited citizens of Jwala Nagar in East Delhi. Totally self – dependent to project provides vocational training to poor girls besides giving mid-day meals to children every day. Supported by local philanthropists, Astha Prayas, imparts non-formal education to scores of children and enables sizeable number of them to be mainstreamed in the nearby government schools. The dedicated volunteers and staff have brought about a vast change in the lives of children in this neglected area of Delhi.

Alternative Education

• Number of NFE centers	-	08
• Number of children enrolled	-	330
• Number of children mainstreamed	-	183
• Number of children given special coaching	-	15
• Number of children sponsored	-	02
• Number of Libraries	-	02
• Number of library Members	-	50
• Number of children / women enrolled in C/T & Embroidery	-	22
• Number of Children / women completed C/T & Embroidery	-	15
• Number of women enrolled in Beauty Culture	-	38
• Number of women completed Beauty Culture training	-	32
• Number of self –help groups formed	-	02
• Placement	-	33

Health

- Health camps organized - 06
- Number of children examined - 180
- Number of children with health card - 80
- Number of children referred to hospital for treatment - 06

Recreation / Achievements

- Organized Bal Mela on 14 November 2005. During this occasion, drawing and dance competition were organized. Local MLA was the Chief Guest.
- Participated in Sadhbhavana Diwas celebrated on 26 September 2005 where a group of children performed with the famous Punjabi singer, Jassi and won the prize.
- A cricket match was organized for boys under 18 years with our Prayas Health Service community children
- Picnic was organized and children visited Akashardham temple, Millennium park on 29 November 2005 and India Gate, zoo and science museum on January 06.
- Won cricket match on February 2006 played between Astha Prayas and Prayas observation Home for Boys

Delhi	Vivek Vihar	ASTHA PRAYAS
	Astha Prayas	141, Gali No. 3, Jwala Nagar, Vivek Vihar Delhi-110092, Tel: 22388358 Email: asthaprayas@prayaschildren.org
Centres running under Astha Prayas Project		
EAST	Kasturba Nagar	MCD School Kasturba Nagar, Delhi
	"	MCD School Kasturba Nagar, Delhi
	Jwala Nagar	Gali No.3, Jwala Nagar, Vivek Vihar, Delhi
North- East	Shahadra	Badi Ramleela Ground, Mukesh Nagar, Shahadra
	Tahirpur	H. No.420, Tahirpur Village
	Usmanpur	Panchayati Ghar, Usmanpur Village

Railway Platform Children Project

New Delhi Railway Station is the central point from where mail / express train either originate or pass through for different destinations and location in India. Many children are found alone at railway platforms for different reasons. Criminal elements prey on the young and innocent children loitering at railway stations and take them into their clutches and often force them for their own benefits, sexual abuse and or for unlawful activities. These vulnerable children are not born criminals but are bewildered due to lack of care and protections and development opportunities. Since they have no guidance or directions they become victims with no one to show them the path to make a meaningful start in their life.

The Railway Children project was started in collaboration with Northern Railway with the support of Railway Women Welfare Organization after receiving a letter of Deputy General Manager, Northern Railway, Baroda House, dated 21st June 2004. It was a biggest development in the history of Prayas, where a project was started with the support of the Northern Railway. Prayas started working through Child Assistance Booth and Lahori Gate Drop-in contact centre, where we provide outreach services, counseling, restoration, alternative education, health intervention and immediate care and protection to the children at Railway platform. For the last three years, we have outreached and rendered our services to more than 2000 children for short stay home and other facilities. We have re-integrated more than 800 children since then. The project has active support from the RPF and many stake holders working at the New Delhi Railway station. Railway Children project has observed that more than hundred children are living at New Delhi railway station for more than 3-4

years. They are involved in petty jobs like shoe polishing, rag picking and begging etc since they do not have any other alternative to make a living. Prayas rescues them from the vagaries of platform life and provides them shelter and care till the child has returned home safely.

Goal of the project

Creating a child –friendly outreach services for protection, care and rehabilitation of children working at railway platforms in New Delhi Railway Station.

Objectives

- Ensure a child-friendly outreach at New Delhi and its adjoining railway stations in Delhi
- Develop a model integrated services with a focus on meeting immediate needs of care, protection and repatriation of railway children
- Bring out a long –term improvements in children’s lives through development and recognition of Children’s Rights.
- Develop a coordination and networking approach with Railways, Railway Children Partners, Government agencies and other initiatives that the implementation of the project in Delhi and other states.
- Develop networking and advocacy programs for policy formulation to protect children working at Railway Platforms across the country.

Activities

- 24 hours Helpline and Counselling services at the railway platform
- Providing early intervention with children that have no family contact
- Providing development opportunities and reintegrate children with families or finding alternatives.
- Establishing linkages with similar organization for effective and efficient management of services.
- Developing capacities of staff for efficient implementation of the project
- Initiating advocacy efforts on the rights of railway children
- Provisions for care and support for socio-economic rehabilitation of railway platform children.
- Contact programs (Child Assistance Booth) offering counseling, guidance and referral service to destitute and neglected children aimed at their eventual withdrawal from a life of abuse and exploitation.
- Provisions of temporary shelter, nutrition (food), clothing, health care, education (both formal and non-formal), vocational training, recreational facilities, protection against abuse and exploitation, repatriation and reintegration.

Outcomes

- Children (minimum 200 children in year) are provided with temporary, shelter, nutrition (food), clothing, health care, counseling, education (both formal and non-formal), vocational training, recreational facilities.
- At least 60% of children working on the railway platform are repatriated / rehabilitated to their biological families, adopted families, foster care families etc.
- Established effective collaboration with Child Welfare Committee, Juvenile Justice Board Railway Police and NGOs for repatriation and re-integration of children with their families or institutions

- Created a system rescue, repatriation and rehabilitation of railway children in collaboration and networking with key stakeholders in the state including railway authorities and the juvenile justice system.
- Made attempts to lobby for a state policy on railway children to protect their rights.
-

Delhi	CENTRAL DIST.	RPF_PRAYAS PROJECT
	C.P.	Prayas Drop-in-Centre , Behind Hanuman Mandir, C.P. ND-110001
	Navi Karim	Prayas Shelter Home for Boys , Navi Karim, Ravidas Gali, ND
	Lahori Gate	Railway_Prayas Project , Lahori Gate, Railway Parcel, Mall Godaam
	NDRS	Prayas Bal Help Booth , Platform No.1, NDRS
	Morigate	Prayas Bal Help Booth , Kucha Mahotar Khan, Morigate

Prayas Jan Shikshan Sansthan

Under the aegis of the Ministry of Human Resource & Development, Government of India, the Prayas Juvenile Aid Centre Society has created another society called the Jan Shikshan Sansthan Prayas in 2000. The constitution and guidelines of the JSSP have been drafted by the Ministry of HRD dovetailing it with the National Literacy Programme & other related activities.

Activities & achievements of JSS Prayas Delhi

Since 2000, Jan Shikshan Sansthan Prayas has been working with the socio-economically marginalized and educationally backward population in various parts of Delhi, for their empowerment and economic rehabilitation. Its main activities and achievements during the last five years are-

Vocational Training

Imparting vocational training and skill development based on market surveys is the main activity of JSSP. So far, we have been conducting training in approximately 30 trades at around 17 centres in Delhi. Till date, around 10,000 students have availed the facilities of JSSP and are gainfully employed.

Adult Literacy and Life Skills Training

JSSP has been accredited by the NIOS for the Open Basic Education Programme. JSSP has collaborated with the CII to conduct non-formal classes in two clusters of Delhi, namely Bhagwanpur and Peeragarhi, under a project called Basti Shishka Yojna, to eradicate illiteracy from the communities, to motivate the children to continue their studies and to check the dropout rate. Furthermore, in order to ensure the holistic development of the youth JSSP has collaborated with GE Youth Reach for the Life Skills Programme.

SHGs and Women's Empowerment

No country can progress without the empowerment of its women folk. It is estimated that women account for half of the world population and 2/3 of the world's poorest people. Realising this, JSSP has promoted around 140 Self-Help Groups comprising around 2000 women in different parts of Delhi. The size of SHGs varies from 10 to 25.

Besides savings and loan activities, these groups serve as a forum for the poor women to:

- Voice their views
- Interact with one another
- Share their experiences
- Exchange ideas on various issues
- Initiate collective action on wide range of social, personal and economic issues

After a period of consistent savings, say 06 months, the SHGs start rotating their savings in the form of loans for micro enterprises and other activities including consumption. SHGs that have performed well in rotating their internal savings are linked with bank credits. So far, 35 groups have been credit linked with the banks. JSSP facilitates this linkage. It also provides them technical assistance and support services such as identification of livelihood opportunities, technology upgradation and upgradation of their vocational skills.

Based on market potential and training in specific areas, members have started making articles like foot mats, chapatti boxes, folders (cloth), bakery items, soft toys, garments, woollen sweaters,

candles, jute bags etc., which they market with the help of the organization. Members have also received training in beauty-culture, handicrafts, cutting & tailoring, and as hospital and domestic attendants.

Placement- With a mission to provide job opportunities to its beneficiaries and other residents of slums and resettlement colonies, JSSP established a placement cell in 2002. The placement unit has been in touch with various agencies and organizations and corporates to provide job opportunities to the beneficiaries. HSBC, HPCL, GE, Amul, Batra Hospital, Hotel Taj Mansingh, Hotel Ambassador Rotary blood bank , Vardhman Group, Trident Switchgears, P.R.Packaging P.Ltd, Texvisions are the main collaborators. Till date around 3500 beneficiaries have been placed.

Advocacy and Awareness- Awareness programmes on social issues, health and education, are among the most important activities of JSS Prayas. In this process, awareness camps and street plays were organized on related issues like HIV AIDS awareness, sanitation, environment management, drug de-addiction, population, etc. in the target areas. Various government and non-government agencies have collaborated for these programmes.

Jan Shikshan Sansthan Prayas, Delhi

1. Vocational Courses Completed

Sl. No.	Type of Courses completed	Duration	No. of Batches
1	Computer Basic	6 month	18
2	Computer Advance	6 months	02
3.	Computer Hardware	12 months	02
4.	Stenography	12months	01
5	Typing	9 months	04
6	Electrical Technician	12 months	06
7	AC Refrigeration	06 months	02
8	Electronics	06 months	02
9	Screen Printing	03 months	02
10	Carpentry	06 months	01
11	Candle Making	01 months	03
12	Life Skill Education	03 months	17
13	Personality Development & English Speaking	03 months	09
14	Garment Making	06 months	28
15	Tie & Die	06 months	02
16	Art & Craft	06 months	08
17	Textile Designing	06 months	02
18	Painting	06 months	02
19	Dress Designing	6 months	02
20	Home Utility Products	03 months	01
21	Fashion Designing	6 months	02
22	Embroidery	6 months	02
23	Beauty Culture	6 months	28
24	Hair Cutting & Style	3 months	01
25	Mehndi Application	1 month	01
26	Cookery & Home Management	3 months	01
27	Creche Worker Training	6 months	01
28.	Domestic Attendant	3 months	01
	Total		151

2. Details of the Programmes Organised

	Vocational Courses	Activities	Other Activities	Total
Total No. of Programmes	28	21	15	64
Percentage	43%	32%	25%	100%

3. Coverage of beneficiaries in the programmes organized

	Vocational Courses	Activities	Other Activities	Total
Total No. of Beneficiaries	2339	3009	9750	15098
Percentage	16%	20%	64%	100%

4. Sex-wise coverage of beneficiaries in the programmes organized

	Vocational Courses			Activities			Other Activities			Total		
	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T
Total No. of Beneficiaries	498	1841	2339	368	2641	3009	3413	6337	9750	4279	10819	15098
Percentage	21%	79%	100%	12%	88%	100%	35%	65%	100%	28%	72%	100%

5. Data-relating to vocational courses only

(a). Social Status of the beneficiaries in vocational courses

	SC	ST	OBC	Others	Total
No. of Beneficiaries	571	85	687	996	2339
Percentage	24%	4%	29%	43%	100%

(b). Age group of the beneficiaries in vocational courses

	Below 15 years	15-35 years	Above 35 years	Total
No. of Beneficiaries	38	2015	286	2339
Percentage	1.5%	86%	12.5%	100%

(c) **Economic Status of the beneficiaries in vocational courses**

No. of Beneficiaries	Upto Rs. 2000/- per month	Rs. 2001/- to 2500/- per month	Rs. 2501/- and above per month	Total
		316	1160	863
Percentage	14%	49%	37%	100%

(d) **Occupational Status of the beneficiaries in vocational courses**

No. of Beneficiaries	Employed	Self Employed	Prospective Earners	Total
		305	244	1790
Percentage	13%	10%	77%	100%

(e) **Educational Status of the beneficiaries in vocational courses**

No. of Beneficiaries	Illiterate	Neo-literates	With some education	Total
		278	539	1522
Percentage	12%	23%	65%	100%

6. **Duration wise Number of vocational courses**

Sl. No.	Duration of vocational courses	No. of courses	No. of beneficiaries
01	12 months	03	45
	09 months	01	17
	06 months	14	1980
	03 months	08	243
	01 month	02	54
	Total	28	2339

7. Number of vocational courses conducted in rural and urban areas and the number of Beneficiaries.

Number of Courses	Rural			Number of courses	Urban (Slums)		
	No. of Beneficiaries				No. of Beneficiaries		
	M	F	T		M	F	T
02	00	78	78	28	498	1763	2339

8. Training Programmes organized [as part of faculty improvement]

<i>Name of the Programme</i>	Duration	Male	Female	Total
1. SHG Formation & capacity Building	02 Days	13	33	46
2. Corporate Social Responsibility	02 Days	03	02	05
3. Workshop on Manners Etiquettes & Hygiene	01 Day	05	20	28
4. Project formulation	01 Day	03	02	05
5. Gender Sensitization	03 Days	03	02	05
6. Development of Literacy Linked Primers	02 Days	02	10	12
7. Community Mobilization	01 Day	10	28	38
8. Workshop on new methodologies of Beauty Culture & Garment Making at NVTI	07 Days	00	05	05

9. Income Details

Sl. No.	Source of Income	Amount
1.	<i>Grant from the Govt. of India</i>	2500000.00
2.	Bank Interest Earned	36746.19
3.	Development Fund (Course fees/Registration fees, etc.)	372790.00
	Total	2909536.19

10. Expenditure details

Sl. No.	Expenditure Head	Amount
1.	Emoluments	1102249.00
2.	Honorarium/Conveyance to Resource Persons	738655.00
3.	Office expenditure	450818.00
4.	Teaching/Learning Materials	341863.00
	Total	2633585.00

Centers of Jan Shikshan Sansthan Prayas

1. **Prayas Children Home** - EE- Block, Jahangirpuri, Delhi – 33
2. **Jahangirpuri A Block** - DDA Flats, Near Police Chowki.
3. **Prayas IJJ** - 59, Tughalakabad Institutional Area, Delhi – 62
4. **Naya Prayas** - MCD Building, Basti Vikas Kendra,
Bhanwar Singh Camp, Vasant Vihar, ND-57
5. **Bhatti Mines Project** - Sanjay Colony, Bhatti Mines Police Chowki,
New Delhi-30

6. **Anupam Prayas** - Basti Vikas Kendra, Kathpuli Colony, Pandav Nagar, near Shadipur depot, ND-8
7. **Astha Prayas** - 141 Gali No.3, Jwala Nagar, Vivek Vihar, Delhi-92
8. **Prayas Children Home for Boys** - Feroz Shah Kotla, Delhi Gate, Delhi – 02
9. **Basti Vikas Kendra** - Udyog Nagar, Peeragarhi
10. **Bhagwanpur** - Sanjay Gandhi Transport Nagar, Samaypur Badli
11. **Basti Vikas Kendra** - Hari Nagar
12. **Basti Vikas Kendra** - Zakhira
13. **Basti Vikas Kendra** - Mori Gate
14. **CRPF Camp** - Jharoda Kalan
15. **Community Center** - (Baraat Ghar), Dakshin Puri, New Delhi – 62
- Ali Pur
- Narela

Prayas Institute of Economic Empowerment

All along, Prayas has sincerely attempted to meet the socio-economic needs of the underprivileged communities. To begin with, Prayas had to work for its extremely deprived target audiences by meeting their basic needs. However, it also realized that this approach of working 'for' the needy also required sustained inputs in the domain of working 'with' the needy. Operationally, it meant that all efforts to realistically help people cannot attain the desired result without addressing and linking the economic components to their lives. From this stems our concept of an **Institute of Economic Empowerment**.

Prayas Institute of Economic Empowerment (PIEE) has been envisaged and created with a view to functioning as an entity to develop programmes aimed at building livelihood alternatives for the youth and women of rural and urban communities in Delhi, Bihar, Gujarat, Assam, the Andaman & Nicobar Island and Arunachal Pradesh, through life skill cultivation/upgradation and vocational training in such contemporary market-driven trades that prepare the beneficiaries for jobs or small business enterprises. This institute also covers members of Self Help Groups in Delhi and outside as its target group for its empowerment through training-oriented economic activities, which involve production and marketing functions as a means to an economic end. As such, components like **Vocational Training, Life-Skill upgradation, Production, Marketing, Micro-credit, Micro financing, Job opportunities and Micro-Business Enterprises** form the fibre of this institute.

Objective

PIEE's primary objective is to improve the quality of the lives of the people by creating opportunities whereby they can acquire vitally needed market-driven vocational skills that, in turn, help them to improve their economic needs.

Functions of PIEE:

- Providing vocational education/training to create opportunities for productive livelihoods and jobs.
- Launching trades for training, based on market survey.
- Cultivating and upgrading vocational skills
- Developing technical skills.
- Forming Self Help Groups that derive their income from micro-enterprises, supported by micro-credit.
- Producing market-driven goods/services.
- Creating marketing avenues for sales for profit.
- Ensuring opportune placement (Job/small-business set-up) for the beneficiaries.
- Making the centres self-sustainable through revenue generation.
- Creating vocational training centres in Delhi and outside wherever Prayas is functional
- Upscaling existing centers and their programmes as per contemporary market trends.

Vocational Trades at Prayas Institute of Economic Empowerment

Trade		Duration
1. Computer Applications	Basic	06 months
2. Computer Applications	DTP	06 months
3. Computer Applications	Tally	02 months
4. Stenography	English	12 months
5. Typing	English	09 months
6. House wiring		06 months
7. Electrical technician		12 months
8. Dress making		06 months
9. Dress designing		06 months
10. Auto Repairing		06 months
11. Beauty culture & Health care		06 months
12. Screen printing		03 months
13. Personality development & English Speaking		03 months
14. Art & Crafts		03 months
15. Hair Cutting & Hair Style		03 months
16. Mehandi Application		03 months
17. Tie & Dye		03 months
18. Bakery		03 months
19. Candle Making		01 months
20. Wood crafts		06 months
21. Sweater weaving		03 months
22. Mithila Painting		03 months
23. Handloom weaving		06 months

Centres of Prayas Institute of Economic Empowerment

S. No.	State	Location	Address	Trade
	Delhi	Hari Nagar	Prayas, Basti Vikas Kendra, Prayog Vihar, Near Swarg Ashram Temple, Hari Nagar, Delhi	Beauty Culture, Hair Cutting, English Speaking
		EE-Block Jahangirpuri	Prayas EE-Block, Jahagirpuri, Delhi-110033, Ph. 55688884,55482809	Computer Applications, Beauty Culture, Cutting & Tailoring, F. Designing, Mehandi, Tie & Dye, Steno, Typing, Electrical, English speaking & Steward Training
		Morigate	Prayas ,Basti Vikas Kendra, Kuncha Mohatar Khan Mohalla, Morigate, New Delhi	Computer Applications & English Speaking

S. No.	State	Location	Address	Trade
	Delhi	A-Block Jahangirpuri	Prayas, A-Block, Jahangirpuri , Delhi-110033	Beauty Culture, Tie/Dye
		Bawana J.J. Colony	Prayas, Bawana J.J. Colony, E-Block, Bawana, Delhi-110039	Dress Designing
		Vivek Vihar	Astha Prayas, Gali No.- 03, Jawala Nagar, Shadara	Dress Designing and Mehandi
		Tughlakabad	Prayas ,59 ,Tughlakabad Institutional Area, New Delhi-110062, Ph. 29956244,55664991	Beauty Culture, Steno Computer Applications, Dress Designing, English speaking and Art & Crafts
		Madangir	Prayas Shelter Home House No.-B II/87 A, B-II BLOCK Dr. Ambedkar Nagar Sector -04 Madangir, New Delhi-62 Ph. No.-011-29051103	Beauty Culture & Computer Applications
		Bhawarsigh Camp	Naya Prayas, Basti Vikas Kendra,Bhawarsingh Camp, Vasant Vihar, New Delhi-110057, Ph. 55481173	Computer Applications
	Bihar	Samastipur	Prayas Samastipur Tajpur Road, Behind Kali Mandir Purani P.O, Samastipur, Bihar	Stitching, Embroidery Mithila Painting, Beauty Culture and Cyber Cafe
		Bagha	Prayas Bikas Bharti Srinagar, Narayanapur Bagaha-2 West Champaran, Bihar	Embroidery Cutting & Tailoring and Sweater Weaving
		Nalanda	Sambhav Prayas Bangali-Para, Behind P.S. Rajgir, Nalanda,-803116, Bihar	Cutting & Tailoring, Wood Crafts and Embroidery

S. No.	State	Location	Address	Trade
	Bihar	Motihari	MMT Prayas Motihari Arya Samaj Chowk, H/o Shri Baidyanath Singh, Motihari, East Champaran, Bihar	Screen Printing and Beauty Culture
		Patna	Prayas Co-ordinating Office, B-1/26, Mauryalok Complex, Dakbanla Road, Patna, Bihar, Ph. 0612-2213182	Computer Applications
	Andaman & Nicobar Island		Prayas Nivas , Childline, Office of the Directorate of Social Welfare, Gole Ghar, Port Blair, Anadaman	Computer Applications and Cutting & Tailoring
	Gujarat	Ahmedabad	Sneh Prayas Institute of Economic Empowerment, Chharanagar, Bungalow Area Road, Kubernagar, Ahmedabad.Ph. 30070771/72/74	Computer Applications
	Assam		Alok Prayas, Noomati, Sec-02, Near Kali Mandir, Guwahati-02, Dist.- Kamrup, Assam	Dress Designing & Garment Making, Loom Weaving and Computer Applications

**Prayas Institute of Economic Empowerment (Delhi)
Consolidated Enrollment Status April 05- March06**

Vocational Training: -

S.No.	Trade	No. of Batches	No. of beneficiaries Enrolled
1	Computer Application	143	2365
2	Steno typing	62	671
3.	Beauty Culture & Health Care	53	1115
4.	Tie & Die	8	210
5.	Art & Craft	8	137
6.	Electrical Technician	10	119
7.	Personality Development	28	525
8.	Garment Making	3	47
9.	Dress Designing	8	95
10.	Painting	9	120
11.	Fashion Designing	1	9
12.	Hair Cutting	5	51
	Total	375	5970

Placement Cell Prayas

As a part of the rehabilitation and mainstreaming strategy, trainees of vocational training are being assisted in placements wherever it was found necessary and feasible. To help the beneficiaries in getting gainful employment for better quality of life, the Placement Cell was conceived.

Objectives

- Further strengthening of already existing Vocational Training Courses with a greater emphasis on the service sector programs keeping in mind the trend of the present-day economy.
- To develop customized courses viz. Telephone Repair and Maintenance, Generator set repair and maintenance, Hospital Attendants, House Keeping, Computer Graphics, Watch repairing and assembling, Salesmanship & Marketing, Tours and Travel etc. or as per the need of the service sector.
- To provide a platform exclusively to the underprivileged for self-entrepreneurship development.
- To make the course more market-oriented by assessing the kinds of jobs in demand in the market and hence upgrading in the syllabus as per the market requirements. To upgrade the skills of working beneficiaries as per market requirements.

Functioning of the Placement Cell

- The Placement Cell receives bio-datas of the trainees from different courses of vocational training running under Prayas Institute of Economic Empowerment (PIEE) and Jan Shikshan Sansthan Prayas (JSSP).
- The Placement Cell maintains a data bank of the graduate trainees with the help of programme functionaries of PIEE & JSSP so that whenever vacancies in an industry / corporate sector are announced, they may be able to promptly provide trained manpower for the positions available.
- Placement Cell makes the trainees aware of the various job opportunities available in the market and types of requirements persisting in different sectors.
- The team members of the Placement Cell carry out regular career counseling sessions for the beneficiaries.
- Beside various vocational courses being imparted, inputs are being gathered from prospective employers so that the beneficiaries could be trained in a manner by which they should not have any problem while going for a job.
- It provides a platform exclusively to the underprivileged for self-entrepreneurship development.
- Resource mobilisation for opening sales outlets of products produced by beneficiaries of Vocational Training Programs and women SHGs. These sale outlets are called '**Sanchay Prayas**' where children residing in shelter homes of Prayas are placed so that they become economically independent.
- The Placement Cell works to find out avenues for viable income generating activities for women **SHGs**.

Details of Placement Status from April' 05 – March' 06 Batch				
Bio Data received				1054
Status of Placement				
Trades	Appeared in Exam	Others	Employed	Self Employed
A/C Refrigeration	21	16	11	08
Beauty Culture	98	86	57	63
Computer Hardware	40	33	48	55
Computer Software	41	35	29	23
Dress Designing	57	45	27	34
Electronic	72	66	26	56
Electrical	67	69	73	36
Others	164	144	67	89
Total	560	494	338	364
Total Employed & Self Employed	702			
Percentage (%)		47	32	35
Percentage of Total Employed & Self Employed (%)	67			

Microsoft Unlimited Potential Project

This project aims to provide IT skills coupled with life skills and work readiness program to victims of human trafficking and communities particularly vulnerable to trafficking who lack access to high quality learning and employment opportunities. The program will entail providing access and content, by providing hardware, software, internet connectivity, structural modifications and trained human resources.

Scope of Microsoft UP project

1. Microsoft Unlimited Potential (UP) is a global initiative that focuses on improving lifelong learning for underserved young people and adults by providing technology skills through community-based technology learning centers (CTLCS). The said objective shall be pursued through the following:

- Provision of technology training ranging from basic computer literacy skills to the usage of advanced business productivity applications.
- Donations of cash, software and curriculum will enable individuals to learn about technology and gain the IT skills needed for employment in the IT field or other industry sectors.

As a part of this mandate, Microsoft aims to provide –

- IT education through the Microsoft UP curriculum to victims of human trafficking and communities vulnerable to trafficking with a special focus on youth and adults, and utilize IT to create an environment that empowers
- These persons to pursue lifelong learning and enhances their social and economic standing.
- Introduce information and communications technology-enabled tools and resources to the victims of human trafficking and communities vulnerable to trafficking through establishment of CTLCS.
- Develop local skills and capacities with a view to enhancing livelihood options.

SHGs

Jan Shikshan Sansthan Prayas, working for the upliftment of socio-economically backward society in urban slums and rural parts of Delhi through its various community outreach programmes, has gained expertise in its adopted fields. Self Help Group and Micro-credit are some of the activities through which the organization reaches out to thousands of marginalized slum and rural women. The programme enables women to mobilize savings, inculcate a habit of thrift, to access micro-credit facilities with lower interest, to create opportunities whereby they can acquire essentially needed technical skills and start their own ventures or any other income generating activity that, in turn, help them to meet their economic needs.

The organization operates the following activities for Economic Empowerment:

- Self Help Group promotion and micro-credit
- Capacity building of Self Help Groups
- Skill Training of the target group
- Income Generation & Entrepreneurship projects

The major activities carried out under the project during the year are: -

★ **Group promotion**

SHG is a homogeneous group of 15-20 members (male/female) below poverty line residing in urban/rural area who organize themselves into a group and engage in an activity of micro-saving for strengthening the economy of their group members. In a period of one year (Apr' 05-Mar' 06), the organization has promoted 40 Self Help Groups in the existing project areas. Presently, 2200 women are being supported by the project through 140 SHGs. Table 1.1 describes the project area wise number of Self Help Group.

Table 1.1 Area-wise Break-up of SHGs

S.no.	Area	No. of women group	No. of men group
1	Jahangir Puri	34	01
2	Hari Nagar	05	-
3	Pandav Nagar	22	01
4	Narela	17	-
5	Tughlakabad	14	01
6	Vasant Vihar	04	01
7	Vivek Vihar	04	-
8.	Bawana	35	01
Total		136	04

★ **Developing thrift, promoting credit and facilitating credit linkages**

Group members save a certain amount on a monthly basis to generate their corpus which is utilized for strengthening their family economic status or for small in-house consumption. The habit of regular saving in a group and an exercise of inter-lending their own money has generated a deposit of Rs 28.3 lacs in 140 groups and an interest amount of Rs. 2.7 lacs . In the financial year Apr '05- Mar '06, 12 SHGs were credit linked from banks and 7 women were provided loans under SJSRY scheme of Dept. of Urban Development.

Table 1.2 provides the basic profile and financial status of promoted SHGs

Status of SHGs till 31st March 2006

Total No. of SHGs: 140

S. No.	Area	No. of SHGs	No. Of Women	Total Deposit in SHG	Loan Given	Interest Received	SHGs Linked with Bank	Bank Loan Amount	SHGs Applied for Bank Linkage
1	Jahangir puri	35	645	1493900	3818800	230208	28	1115000	
	Jahangir puri	27					24		
	Bhagwan Pur	8					4		
3	Narela	17	206	278650	627200	21488	0		2
	Narela	7							
	Bhorgarh	3							
	Bakner	1							
Bakauli	1								
4	Bawana	36	435	183550	109700	4461	0		1
5	Tughlakbad	15	247	274550	228500	12183	0		0
	Tughlakabad								
	Gaon	3							
	Tigri	2							
	Dakshin Puri	2							
	E. O. K.	1							
	Sangam Vihar	3							
	Madan Pur								
	Khadar	2							
Okhla	1								
Prahlad Pur	1								
6	Naya Prayas	5	87	116800	58100		0		0
	Bhanwar								
	singh Camp	4							
Bhatti Mines	3								
7	Anupam Prayas	23	400	326000	260500	9224	7 (under SJSRY)		1
	Prem Nagar	2							
	kathputli colony	14							
	Zakheera	4							
	Pandav Nagar	2							
	Kirti Nagar	2							

8	Hari Nagar	5	95	78800	48000				0
9	Vivek Vihar	4	81	81250	32200	1908	1		
		140	2196	2833500	5183000	279472	29+7		4

★ **Credit Linkage**

Till date, 29 SHGs are credit linked with banks with a loan amount of 11.15 lacs and 7 women were provided loans under SJSRY scheme of Dept. of Urban Development.

★ **To build the capacity of Self Help Groups**

Training in the fields of formation, organization, management and developing leadership qualities help to develop a sense of ownership, make the group actions more democratic and participatory and increasing the chances for success. The groups require training and awareness about development processes and activities. These processes and activities help to develop self-confidence in women. Group leaders, being the representatives of their SHG, need to be highly confident and responsible for their developmental actions. Capacity building of Self Help Group members motivates and mobilizes the women to take stakes in their development thus ensuring the sustainability of the concept even after the external support of the organization is removed. The input of capacity building is extremely crucial for the outcome of sustainability of any project.

To build the capacity of group members and strengthen the formed groups, the following activities were conducted during the year: -

- i. **Orientation Programme** - For the formation of new groups, orientation programmes were conducted with women interested to form Self Help Groups at 3 project areas- Narela, Vivek Vihar and Bawana. The programme primarily focused on the concept of Self Help Group, its process, functioning and benefits.
- ii. **Grading Exercise** - Groups willing to engage in credit linkage from banks were facilitated to evaluate the quality of their group by a means of participatory grading exercise on 16 point scale provided by NABARD. Such exercise was conducted in 6 groups at Bawana, Narela and Bhagwan pur Project areas.
- iii. **Capacity Building** – Building the capacity of group members in the field of trust building, proper utilization of group collection, importance of group meetings and registers management was done in 5 groups functioning in Jahangirpuri, Anupam Prayas and Tughlakabad Project areas.
- iv. **Dividend Distribution**- Accounts of 40% SHGs were audited and groups were facilitated in dividend distribution.
- v. **Adult Education** - Adult Education at Bawana Project area started wherein 25 SHG beneficiaries enrolled.

★ **To provide vocational training to SHG members**

Keeping in view the relevance of vocational training combined with mainstream education, as well as the Component of income-Generation programmes, it is important to set up a full fledged institution that imbibes in itself all the aspects of economic empowerment of the marginalized, at the same time enhancing the scope of the socially- relevant enterprises. The vocational training schemes usually comprise craftsman training, apprenticeship training, training for skilled workers, crafts instructors, supervisors etc. All these, in turn, provide excellent opportunities for beneficiaries with varying degrees of education and vocational competence, to find their forte and get employment best suited to their capabilities and skills.

By now the organization has provided vocational training to more than 700 women who are associated with Self Help Groups. They have been given training in the trades like cutting and tailoring, beauty culture, domestic work, nursing, candle making, kantha and mirror work, foot mat etc. More than one-third of the women are already involved in some or other income generating activity.

During the year, JSS Prayas has organized a chalk-making training in collaboration with **Gandhi Darshan**. This product does not require skill upgradation and as Prayas itself has a high demand of the product. Another training of making jute items was also organized at Tughlakabad and Jahangir Puri Project area.

Projects outside Delhi

Today Prayas caters to the need of the marginalized children, youth and women in the states of Bihar, Gujarat, Assam, and Andaman and Nicobar Islands. It reaches out to more than 50,000 children directly or indirectly through its programmes on alternative education, nutrition, counselling, recreation and vocational skills, economic empowerment and livelihood.

Bihar

The State of Bihar is considered to be among the most economically deprived states of the country. The State also has one of the highest numbers of neglected children and children living in difficult circumstances. As such it has initiated several programmes to deal with different problems associated with children of the state.

Mauryalok, Patna	PRAYAS COORDINATING OFFICE
	C/o. S. M. Entrp., D-1/26, IIIrd Floor, Mauryalok Complex
	Patna, Bihar-800004 Tel:0612-2223846

Bihar Voluntary Coordinating Agency (BVCA)

Areas covered: All over Bihar

Major issues covered: The state of Bihar is considered to be among the poorest in the country. The state also has one of the highest numbers of neglected children and children living in difficult circumstances being destitute and abandoned due to poverty and other reasons. While deliberating upon the 'Adoption programmes' in the country the Supreme Court of India in its judgment pronounced that every state should have a Voluntary Coordinating Agency (VCA) to ensure proper implementation of the laws pertaining to adoption and neglected children.

Working with: New born babies, Nursing Homes and Trafficked children

Objective: The project addresses the adoption issues of newborn babies and to curb the problem of child trafficking. It works with nursing homes to stop the child trafficking in the hospitals by exposing the child trafficking channels or networks and to sensitize the doctors regarding promotion of legal adoption.

About the project in brief: Prayas, in collaboration with East and West Education Society, an NGO with excellent track record in Patna, has been running programmes at the grassroots and coordinating with the local agencies through training, workshops, research studies, etc. Prayas and East & West Educational Society have established the statutory body as a separate society, named Bihar Voluntary Coordinating Agency in response to the Supreme Court's judgement. The Society has a network with NGOs and the State Government to regulate and facilitate in-country and inter-country adoption of children. The project aims to stop child trafficking in the hospitals. It has been reported that staffs of several hospitals & Nursing Homes are involved in child trafficking. It has also been reported that staffs of these places sell babies of unwed mothers privately to the couples who are eager to adopt. Therefore, it becomes essential to advocate these doctors regarding the procedure of legal adoption.

Prayas Bikas Bharati Bagaha Project

Location: Bagaha, West Champaran district

Areas covered: West Champaran District

Issues address: West Champaran is one of the most backward district of Bihar. Dalits and Adivasis together constitute 15.7% of the population. Of the 35 districts in India that rank lowest in terms of women's literacy, 15 are in Bihar. Champaran is notorious dacoit country where the sword definitely scores over the pen.

Objective: To mobilize the community and encourage parents to send their children to schools. To economically empower women by forming Self Help groups and training these women in various skills.

Project: Prayas started its project in the West Champaran district of Bihar with a view to not only provide education to the children but also to raise the living standard of the people. The children belonging to the marginalized community were given non-formal education in an alternative center after which they are mainstreamed. Apart from it Self Help groups are formed in the community to improve the economic condition of women in rural areas under Prayas Institute of Juvenile Justice (PIEE). Livelihood programme of cutting, tailoring, & embroidery under PIEE, for economically marginalized women.

Prayas - Mira Memorial Trust

Areas covered by the project: Bastapur, Chandrahiya, Sarangpur, Semra

Issues covered: The project deals with rescued children from trafficking networks, runaway and working children. The child trafficking and child labor is growing rampantly in Bihar. Every year hundreds of children runaway from their home in search of work and end up working at railway stations. There are many others who are lured and are trafficked. Bihar serves as source state for trafficking of children. Hundreds of young girls in Bihar are forcibly taken away to the other states.

Working with: Rescued children from trafficking networks and Runaway and working children

Objective: To rescue children from the trafficking network and to provide education, shelter and psychological support to these children. Also to provide all the basic facilities to the street and working children

About the project in brief: Prayas started the project in collaboration with the Mass Education Directorate of Government of Bihar. So far 10 education centers have been set up and are catering to the needs of 250 neglected out-of-school children. The curriculum of these centers was designed with a significant target of mainstreaming participating children in accordance with the outside advanced world.

Apart from it a shelter home is being run in Motihari. Under this rescued children are provided with shelter facilities. Further counselors are also working round the clock to give psychological support to these vulnerable children. The project also deals with the restoration of the children to their respective family is also being considered.

Prayas in Motihari also works with the street & working children. Under this project runaway children and children working under hazardous conditions at railway stations are being looked after.

Prayas is initiating its support in the form of alternative education, free meals, and shelter homes to ameliorate the lives of these neglected children.

The other project running in Motihari is Prayas Bal Chetna Kendra. Under this project children are encouraged to get enrolled, so that they could be provided with education and gradually mainstreamed with the curriculum of other advanced schools.

BIHAR	MOTIHARI	MIRA MAMORIAL TRUST & Prayas Shishu Niketan (A Home for Neglected Children) Shri Deoraha Path, Mohalla-New Agarwa, P.O. Motihari-845401 Dist. E. Champaran, Bihar
With the help of Community	Batrolia_Ward-1	Prayas AIE Centre, Batrolia, Ward No.1, Vill. Batrolia, P.O. Madubani Ghat, Panchayat Uttri Dhekha, Block-Motihari
	Batrolia_Ward-2	Prayas AIE Centre, Batrolia, Ward No.2, Vill. Batrolia, P.O. Madubani Ghat, Panchayat Uttri Dhekha, Block-Motihari
	Jhitkahiyan_Ward-5	Prayas AIE Centre, Jhitkahiyan, Ward No.5, Vill. Nayatola P.O. Dhekhan Bazar, Panchayat Uttri Dhekha, Block-Motihari
	Jhitkahiyan_Ward-6	Prayas AIE Centre, Jhitkahiyan, Ward No.5, Vill. Nayatola P.O. Dhekhan Bazar, Panchayat Uttri Dhekha, Block-Motihari
	Jhitkahiyan_Ward-7	Prayas AIE Centre, Jhitkahiyan, Ward No.5, Vill. Nayatola P.O. Dhekhan Bazar, Panchayat Uttri Dhekha, Block-Motihari
	Jhitkahiyan_Ward-10	Prayas AIE Centre, Jhitkahiyan, Ward No.5, Vill. Nayatola P.O. Dhekhan Bazar, Panchayat Uttri Dhekha, Block-Motihari
	Karan Koiya_Ward-10	Prayas AIE Centre, Karan Koiya, Ward No.10, Vill. Karan Koiya P.O. Dhekhan Bazar, Panchayat Uttri Dhekha, Block-Motihari
	Mahuwana_Ward-12	Prayas AIE Centre, Mahuwana Tola, Ward No.12, Vill. Mahuwana Tola P.O. Dhekhan Bazar, Panchayat Uttri Dhekha, Block-Motihari
	Mahuwana_Ward-13	Prayas AIE Centre, Mahuwana Tola, Ward No.13, Vill. Mahuwana Tola P.O. Dhekhan Bazar, Panchayat Uttri Dhekha, Block-Motihari

Prayas Samastipur Project

Areas covered by the project: Samastipur

Issues: As per one of the reports of UNICEF there are nearly 60 of every 1,000 children in Bihar – one of India’s poorest states – do not live to celebrate their first birthday primarily because they do not get proper health services. Around 60 per cent of street children sweating it out in Delhi’s roadside hotels, streets and railway station are from Bihar.

Working with: Neglected children and marginalized communities

Objective: The project works on the issues of neglected children and marginalized communities It aims at eliminating child labour and to provide education through school or alternative education. To provide health care and shelter for neglected, homeless and street children. Create opportunities for development and rehabilitation of the children in need of care and protection Apart from it the project aims at imparting vocational skills and job oriented training for the youth and women. Thus promoting socio- economic empowerment of the marginalized women and communities.

Project: Prayas Samastipur project presently is engaged in providing functional skills to youths and girls in order to rehabilitate them and link and mainstream them for their socio-economic betterment. Prayas Samastipur imparts vocational education through its seven centers in following trades- stitching, cutting and embroidery, beauty culture, traditional ‘madhubani’ painting, screen printing and computer training. After completing the training in the vocational courses women are able to earn for themselves. The basic idea behind this project is to take each and every child to school or to provide them a highly structured innovative non- formal education. And later enroll them in government schools once basic literacy and education have been provided to them as per their age. . The project has also come up with the Drop –in center for Railway children to provide care and protection to children living and working at railway platforms in Samastipur railway station. The Railway Police Force (RPF) and Women Welfare Organization (WFO) are also part of this project. Through this program, the attempts are being made to bring such children in mainstream who come in contact of the police through counseling and by following the provisions of the Juvenile Justice (care and protection of child) Act, 2000. The project has introduced Self Help Groups (SHGs), micro- credit and income generating programs: Through these programs, women/men of weaker sections are motivated to become economically independent by starting their own economic activities. Samastipur Chetriya Gramin Bank has been linked with SHGs for loan etc

BIHAR	SAMASTIPUR	PRAYAS SAMASTIPUR
		Street No.2, Professor Colony, Tajpur Road, Samastipur, Bihar Email: samastipurprayas@prayaschildren.org

With the help of Community		
	Shambhupatti	Shambhupatti Chamar Tola
	Shambhupatti	Shambhupatti Dooshadh Tola
	Chandopatti	Chandopatti Sah Tola
	Chandopatti	Chandopatti Dooshadh Tola
	Narayan Dhadhiya	Narayan Dhadhiya Kali Asthan
	Salempur	Salempur Dashara Tola
	Dharampur	Dharampur Punjabi Colony
	Kashipur	Ambedkar Nagar Kashipur ward No 4

Sambhav Prayas, Nalanda

Location: Nalanda district
Areas covered: Nalanda District

Issues address:

Objective: To mobilize the community and encourage parents to send there children to schools and impart vocational training to the youth and women for economic empowerment.

Project: Prayas started its project in Nalanda district to provide education to the children of the marginalized and weaker community. To create economic empowerment and livelihood skills vocational trainings programme were simultaneously introduced.

Sneh Prayas, Gujarat

On January 26 2001, a huge earthquake shook the state of Gujarat, resulting in thousands of deaths and massive destruction of property, infrastructure and livestock. Prayas responded to the crisis immediately providing food, temporary shelter, trauma counselling, community centres and day care for orphaned children and women.

Project Location: Bhuj, Bhachau in Kutch and Ahmedabad

Working with: People affected by the earthquake in kutch

Issues covered: The project was initiated to work towards the needs of the people affected by the earthquake in Kutch. Earthquake in the Kutch destroyed the houses leaving many families homeless. The health care facility was absent specially women and children were suffering from malnourishment- number of starvation death was on rise. Education infrastructure was nearly absent. There was no proper drinking water facility.

Objectives: Rehabilitation of the earthquake affected people in Kutch through self- help and focus on child survival, health of the women, community development and water issues.

Project in brief: The project covered the worst affected talukas of Kutch area serving fifty villages from the Bhachau taluka of the Kutch area and five slum communities in Ahmedabad. The project also focused on alternative education, vocational education, day care, mid- day meals and recreational services for children. Primary health care, counseling services, community mobilization and self- group activities for economic rehabilitation was taken up. Under this project shelters were also created for needy children and women with voluntary contribution of land by the villages. Besides, houses were constructed to help the disabled and most vulnerable section of the population affected by the earthquake. By way of promoting the rights of the disabled and providing legal support to the projects foster closer links between the earthquake victims and various government agencies meant to help the former. Additionally, a special livelihood support program was initiated to help the deserving whereby they were enabled to promote self-sustenance.

GUJARAT	AHMEDABAD	SNEH_PRAYAS
	Kutch	Creation of Community Managed Water & Sanitation in earthquake affected villages of Kutch.
	Kutch	Creation of Community Managed Water & Sanitation System in Rural Earthquake affected Primary Schools
	Ahmedabad	School Adolescent Education Programme (SAEP) on HIV/ AIDS awareness with school children in Ahmedabad
	Bhuj	Targeted Intervention on HIV/ AIDS with CSWs and MSMs of Bhuj city
	Kutch	Action Program on Trafficking and Commercial Sex Exploitation and Forced Labour of Children
	Ahmedabad	National Study on Child Abuse
	Bhachau	Computer Centre at Chharanagar (Ahmedabad)
	Ahmedabad	Vocational Training Centre, Bhachau
	Ahmedabad	Slum Children Project - Ahmedabad

Alok Prayas, Assam

The state of Assam has been badly affected by armed insurgency over the last one and a half decades with various insurgent groups. These low intensity' conflicts frequently involve the creation of a state of terror to penetrate the fabric of grass roots social relations for entire populations, with social and cultural institutions and ways of life routinely targeted. Men, women and children are now directly drawn, even coerced, into the conflict as 'active participants' on one side or the other, since these wars are being fought more in the backyards, villages and suburban streets and less in battlefields. This seriously perturbed the life of common people.

Realizing the gravity of the situation Prayas came into action and is trying its level best to bring the life of the people to normal.

Areas covered : Jorhat, Guwahati, Teok

Objective: Working for marginalized children, youth and women

Prayas joined hands with Assam Sewa Samiti as a joint initiative for child protection / juvenile justice, shelter facilities, related programs for disadvantaged children, empowerment of youth and women at the unit at Noonmati Shishu Mangal Kendra at Noonmati in Guwahati.

To meet the basic needs of children by providing them with shelter, alternative education, computer literacy and provide them with the vocational training, counseling and recreation to enhance their aptitude and skills.

Major issues covered: Assam remains the only state in the northeast where poverty coupled with terrorism is still a major issue. The various terrorist attacks from the terrorist groups Naxalites and Maoists have disturbed the normal life of the people specially the children. There are many children who do not have to basic facilities.

Partnership in Observation Home, Lichubari

Alok Prayas was formally launched in Assam on December 2004. In Jorhat the project concentrate on the Juvenile Justice related issues and works towards the proper implementation of Juvenile Justice (Care and Protection) Act 2000 at Lichubari Observation Home for Juveniles (in conflict with law) in order to create some difference in this extremely neglected Remand Home for delinquent children that cater to 10 districts of Assam.

Prayas Institute of Economic Empowerment, Noonmati, Teok, Jorhat

Apart from it the project also works for the upliftment of Assam tribe at Teok Circle "Rajabari" under Prayas Institute of Economic Empowerment (PIEE). Various workshops and the training cum trade activities are organized. The computer labs are set up to uplift the literacy rate in the community.

ASSAM	NOONMATI	ALOK PRAYAS
		New Office correspondence address of AlokPrayas Jorhat: Gayan Gaon, (Near Purbashree Printers),Tarajan, Distt: Jorhat(Assam).
RGF Libraries		
	Kunhi Prayas I	Noonmati Sishu Mangal Kendra Campus,(Near Kali Mandir), Sec-II, Noonmati, Guwahati -20, Distt: Kamrup (Assam)
	Kunhi Prayas II	Samanway Sangha,Santinagar, Mathgharia-II, Guwahati-26, Distt: Kamrup (Assam).

Prayas in Andaman and Nicobar Islands

The Andaman and Nicobar Islands were practically wiped out by the Tsunami in 2005. Responding to these need-based areas, Prayas with its missionary zeal, is helping to get the lives of those affected back to normal.

Areas Covered: Car Nicobar & Campbell Bay

Working with: Children affected by the Tsunami

Issues: It has been found out that needs of the affected people, particularly women & children are different from that of tribal communities. The existing rehabilitation services lack targeted approach to address special issues of child protection, gender display, relocation, re-habitation & livelihood of the displaced people in December 2004 the India Ocean Tsunami struck the Andaman & Nicobar Islands destroying entire villages and killing thousands. Many children lost their families and homes Coastal communities were left without schools, health centres and water.

Project: Prayas operates this project in collaboration with the Railway Children and the Dream Catchers Foundation Child Care Centres have been set up to cater for children who were worst affected by the Tsunami. Kids are offered counseling to help them to overcome the devastating impact of the disaster. In addition they are provided with alternative education and nutrition to help restore them to physical and mental health.

Child Sponsorship Program

Areas Covered: Port Blair and Little Andaman

Issues: The killer Tsunami that hit the Indian Ocean, on the morning of 26 December, 2004 has been described as worst natural disaster by relief experts. It is estimated that more than one third those perished were children and it feared that more are at risk from diseases and many more would be in need of care and protection. The tragedy of Tsunami has left the people in devastated conditions However; children are the worst struck section with the trauma. The natural disaster has not only jeopardized the basic infrastructure but has also put the survival on the rocks.

Working with: Tsunami affected children

Objective: To upgrade the basic infrastructure and to efficiently provide children with the necessities like education, books uniforms, shoes and daily nutrition besides strengthening their physical and mental health.

Project: The enormous destruction of tsunami catastrophe had cluttered the lives of the people especially the children. Hence there was a need to stabilize the torment situation and safeguard the children against mental and physical destruction. Judging the sensitivity of the issue, Prayas started a child sponsorship program to fund the basic needs like food shelter, education and health check up of the children. Through this program Prayas arranges funds to sponsor the school education fees of the needy children besides looking after the entire expenses on books, uniforms and shoes. Apart from funding the education expenses Prayas is also looking after the nutrition, sports material and conducting regular health check ups.

Prayas Michael and Susan Del Foundation (MSDF) Project

Areas Covered: Port Blair

Working with; children and families worst affected by the Tsunami

Objective: To deliver health care, counseling, nutrition, education and livelihood support to the tsunami affected people and help in rebuilding their lives.

Issues: In December 2004 the Indian Ocean Tsunami struck the Andaman & Nicobar Islands destroying entire villages and killing thousands. Many lost their families. Homes and businesses. Coastal communities were left without schools, health centres and water.

Project: The Tsunami emergency relief effort is long over, but Prayas continues to expand its recovery and rehabilitation effort in the islands. With the support of Michael and Susan Del Foundation, Prayas has organized relief camps to provide mobile health care to the population. Livelihood support is offered to the worst victims so they can get their lives back on track. Many vulnerable people in extreme need, such as teenagers and the elderly, are given emergency assistance. At present, over 500 children and 200 families are benefiting from this initiative.

Bal Center (Aviva-Prayas)

Areas Covered: Port Blair and Little Andaman

Issues: since Andaman & Nicobar Islands all together a different ball game due to its unique geographic location in Indian Ocean. Unfortunately it has been worst affected in tsunami. Tsunami has left children enormously traumatized and in shattered condition. Many of them were left orphan with no life support.

Working with Tsunami affected children

Objective: To help children to overcome trauma by counseling. And eventually strengthen the mental health. Apart from counseling Prayas is also working upon core issue of education. Since Prayas is a core member of Sarva Shiksha Abhiyaan (SSA) initiative it is also providing alternative education and encouraging them to achieve a bright literate future. Moreover it has set up childcare where marginalized children are provided with nutritious mid day meal.

Project: Due to the insufficiency of the policies in tackling cases affecting children, Prayas being one of national level voluntary organization took an initiative along with Aviva to set up a childcare center where distorted, displaced and bereaved children could be provided with counseling to overcome the trauma of catastrophe. Moreover these childcare centers also provide alternative education and mid day meal to entrench the right to literacy and to reconstruct a joyful healthy physical as well as mental environment.

Livelihood Project

Areas covered: Port Blair & Little Andaman

Issue: Due to tsunami thousands of people lost their livelihood in Andaman & Nicobar Islands, leaving their survival in sheer doom. The main challenge lies at rebuilding the life, restoring confidence & rehabilitating those most affected. The people were left with no employment and were neither proficient in any vocational skill.

Working with: Tsunami affected youth and women

Objective: To identify the needy women and youth affected by tsunami and provide them with resources to form Self Help groups. Moreover, Prayas focuses on encouraging intensive vocational training to make people self-sufficient economically.

Project: Prayas along with ILO and Times Foundation took the initiative to start a Livelihood project. The project aims at imparting vocational training of cutting and tailoring, pickle making soft toys making, photo frame making and leave mat making in different areas of Andaman & Nicobar Islands. The Self Help Groups were formed so as to empower women, linking their skills with modern marketing approaches and thereby adding to their family income. So far there are thirty – eight SHG's have been formed 26 at various places in Little Andaman and twelve in Port Blair.

Care India Tsunami Response Project

Areas Covered: Little Andaman

Issues: Tsunami has left the fishermen in living near the coast in sheer misery. Tsunami devastated their livelihood severely, all it left was broken boats, houses and despair.

Working with: Fishermen community

Objective: To provide fishermen with boats to re-establish the fishing activity besides helping youth and women of fishing community to form groups for net weaving and providing foundation for the upliftment of micro credit activities.

Project: Seeing the dreadful condition of tsunami affected fishermen Prayas joined hands with care a humanitarian community fighting globally against poverty to help fishermen in stabilizing the situation and provide them with boats to reconstruct a prosperous trade environment.

Apart from this Prayas helped youth and women of the fishermen community in forming groups for net weaving to facilitate fishing trade as well as other micro credit activities and eventually making them self sufficient once again.

Prayas Aide et Action Project

Areas covered: Little Andaman

Working with Communities affected by the Tsunami especially with children

Issues: In December 2004 the Indian Ocean Tsunami struck the Andaman & Nicobar Islands, destroying entire villages and killing thousands. Many children lost their families and homes coastal communities were left without schools, health social and water.

Objective: To provide Tsunami affected children with shelter, education, nutrition and health services. Apart from it to give trauma counseling / psycho social support.

Project : With the assistance of Aide et Action, child care centres have been set up to cater for children who were worst affected by the Tsunami Kids are offered counseling to help them to overcome the devastating impact of the disaster. In addition, they are provided with alternative education and nutrition to help restore them to physical and mental health. This project is also supporting islanders efforts to reconstruct their villages and repair damaged infrastructure.

Childline Prayas Project

Areas Covered: Parts of Andaman & Nicobar

Working with: children in need of welfare, care, protection and rehabilitation

Issues: Provision of referral services to children in need of welfare care and rehabilitation 24hr. child helpline with a toll free no 1098

Objective: To reach out to every child in need of care & protection by responding to emergencies on 1098 and to ensure access of technology to the most marginalized in urban as well as rural areas & connectivity of 1098 through government telephone exchanges as well as private exchanges. The project also works together with the allied system to create child friendly systems. The project not only provides a platform of networking amongst organizations but also provide linkages to support systems, which facilitate the rehabilitation of children in need of care & protection.

About the project: Childline is a 24 hour free emergency telephone help line for children in need of care and protection. It's a project of Ministry of social justice and empowerment Govt. of India. It's operating in 72 cities all over India. In Andaman & Nicobar Childline came into existence on 7th January 2005 and in Delhi its branch came into operation on 2nd October 1998. Childline aims to reach out to the most marginalized children between the age group of 0-18 years, and provides interventions of shelter, medical, repatriations, rescue, death related, sponsorships and emotional support and guidance.

Arunachal Pradesh

Prayas Wakro Project

Location: Lohit district of eastern part of Arunachal Pradesh.

Issues - The project works for the upliftment of the marginalized and neglected communities. The hilly areas of India have not seen significant improvements in its basic infrastructure. Eventually even government has not contributed much inducement towards these topographically remote areas. There has been a major lapse in the availability of basic amenities. The people from the rural part still cling to their traditional socio- economic system. Their traditional beliefs and practices continue to exist to tackle their health and hygiene.

Working with: Marginalized and neglected communities

Objective- The aim of running the Prayas Health Centre (PHC) is to create a model health care delivery system in the state of Arunachal Pradesh, in an innovative way. Under this PHC there are three sub centers, where regular OPD services are provided. Further it has 24hrs emergency services, OPD, indoor, Minor Operation theatre, essential obstetric facility, diagnostic lab, drug counter etc.

Project - Wakro is a circle under Lohit district of Eastern part of Arunachal. Presently, Alok Prayas is running one Primary Health Center located at Wakro, having population of 9000 approx. This is a Public Private Partnership (PPP) Project with Government of Arunachal funded by Planning Commission of India. The NGO is given entire responsibility of functioning and management of Prayas Health Center. The daily attendance ranges from 70-120 patients per day. Further the camp was organized in Namsai Community Health Centre (CHC) where the local doctors and Administration extended all logistic and moral support. No consultation fee is charged from the patients and all pathological and other investigations are done at very nominal charges.

Donors and Partners

International	National – Government	Institutional	Corporates
• USAID / REACH India	• MoSJ&E	• NIPCCD	• Microsoft
• NORAD	• MHRD	• NLI	• Indian Oil Corporation
• CIDA	• MY&S	• NCW	• Ernst & Young
• Action Aid	• MH&FW	• DCW	• HSBC
• Children's Hope, USA	• Ministry of Labour	• DSSW	• Coke India Ltd.
• British Police	• Dept. of Social Welfare, NCT, Delhi	• JMI	• Hindustan Petroleum Corporation
• UNIFEM	• DSACS, NCT, Delhi	• TISS	• National Thermal Power Corporation
• Rotary International	• Dept. of Education		• LG Electronics
• CRS	• MoSJ&E, Govt. of Gujarat		• IBM - Daksh
• UNICEF	• Dept. of SW, Govt. of Bihar		
• AUSAID	• Dept. of Mass Edu, Bihar		
• IPEC-ILO	• Govt. of Assam		
• TDH, Germany	• CSWB		
• UNESCO			
• CARE-India			
• PRI			
• IOM			

Project Details

Prayas Juvenile Aid Center (JAC)
EE Block, Jahangirpuri, Delhi-110033,
Tel: 27633906, 27633907

Prayas Children's Home
EE Block, Jahangirpuri, Delhi-110033,
Tel: 27634853, 27633906, 27634853
Email: pch@prayaschildren.org

Prayas Childline (1098)
EE Block, Jahangirpuri, Delhi-110033
Tel: 27633906, 27633907

Prayas Observation Home for Boys
Feroz Shah Kotla, Delhi Gate, Delhi-110002
Tel: 23318003, 23731218
Email: pohb@prayaschildren.org

Naya Prayas
MCD Building Basti Vikas Kendra,
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Prayas Health Service
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(A Home for Neglected Children)
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Darbhanga Prayas Project
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Project : Village & P.O. Kharoi, Dist : Bhachau,
Gujarat, Tel. : 02837-2868701

Prayas Childline
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